The Bombay Gazette.

No. 7,065.—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1868. Annual Subscription in advance...Rupees Fifty Two

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The Charge for notifying a Domestic Occurrence is One Rupee *and the announcement must be authenticated.*

BOMBAY.

BIRTHS.

RICHARDSON—October 30th, at Bombay, the wife of Mr. H. Richardson, Pensioned Serjeant Major, and Store Clerk G. I. P. Railway, Koolburga, of a daughter.—Named "Amelia Esther".—Bath iv. 17.

SEXTON—October 28th at Belgaum, the wife of Captain J. M Sexton, 28th Regiment, Acting Assistant Quarter Master General, of a son.

MARRIAGE

RUSSEL—SMITH—October 29th, at Bombay, by the Rev. Dr. Thomson, Edward Russell Esq., of Bedford, to Elizabeth Smith, daughter of J. Smith, Esq., Bombay.

BENGAL.

BIRTHS.

POWELL—October 26th, at No. 5, Lindsay Street, Calcutta, the wife of aptain Thomas Powell, of a son.

ACHARD October 21st, at Akyab, the wife of Louis Frederic Achard, Esq., of a daughter.

SHILLINGFORD—October 22nd, at Purneah, the wife of C. A. Shillingford, Esq., of a son.

MORRIS—October 22nd, at the Residency, Nagpore, the wife of J. H. Morris, Esq., Bengal Civil Service, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

MILLETT—TRAFFORD—October 21st, at Hoshiarpore, by the Rev. T. Beamish, Henry Hales Millett, Esq., Officiating Inspector of Schools Lahore Circle, to Frances Maria, daughter of the late R. L. Trafford, Esq., of Cheshire.

MADRAS.

BIRTHS.

LLOYD—October 22nd, at Nellore, the wife of Surgeon E. E. Lloyd, Zillah Surgeon of Nellore, of a daughter.

WILLIAMS—October 23rd, at Trichinopoly, the wife of Major A. F. Williams, Staff Corps, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

MACQUOID—COOPER—October 17th, at Bolarum, by the Rev. D. G. Parke, Richard Kirwan Macquoid, Major Madras Staff Corps, and Brigade Major Hyderabad Contingent, to Frances, second daughter of Colonel Alfred Cooper, Commanding 36th Regiment M. N. I.

DEATHS.

BEDDOME—October 22nd, a. Ootacamund, Walter Henry, the eldest son of Major R. H. Beddome, Officiating Conservator of Forests, aged 4 years and 9 months.

HAVELOCK—October 18th, at Ootacamund, Caroline Louisa Jane, eldest daughter of the late Lieutenant Colonel W. Havelock, 14th Light Dragoons.

SHIPPING.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED), under Contract with Government, despatch Steamers as above with Mails, Passengers, and Cargo, every fourteen days.

The Steam Ship "SAITARA," 1,250 Tons, 250 H. P., Commander G. Betts, will be despatched on TUESDAY, the 10th November, at noon, calling at the following Ports, viz:—

	Nov.		Nov.
Leave BOMBAY	10	Leave GALLE	20
„ Carwar	13	„ Negapatam	23
„ Mangalore	15	„ Pondicherry	24
„ Cannanore	14	„ Madras	24
„ Calicut	14	„ Coconada	26
„ Beypore	15	„ Vizagapatam	27
„ Cochin	16	„ Bimlipatam	27
„ Tuticorin	18	„ Gopalpore	—
„ Colombo	19	„ CALCUTTA	Arrive 30

This route is the most expeditious and economical for passengers for the Neilgherrie district, Bangalore and Madras, who can land at Calicut for Beypore, and proceed from thence by rail.

Passengers for Calcutta can take the same route, picking up the Steamer at Madras.

N. B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF VIA KURRACHEE.

(Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company.)

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED), under Mail Contract with Government, are intending to despatch a Steamer every 14 days to the Persian Gulf, touching at Kurrachee, Gundur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Lingas, Bushire, Fao, and Bussorah.

Up.	Nov.	Nov.	Down.	Nov.	Dec.
Leave Bombay	2	& 16	Leave Bussorah	29	& 4
„ Kurrachee	6	20	„ Fao	30	4
„ Gundur	7	21	„ Bushire	22	6
„ Muscat	10	24	„ Lingas	24	8
„ B. Abbas	12	26	„ B. Abbas	26	10
„ Lingas	13	27	„ Muscat	28	12
„ Bushire	16	30	„ Gundur	30	14
	Dec.			Dec.	
„ Fao	17	1	„ Kurrachee	2	16
Arrive Bussorah	18	2	Arrive Bombay	5	19

The Steam-ship "COMORIN," 550 tons, 140 H.P., Commander R. L. Turner, will be despatched on MONDAY, the 2nd November, at noon.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED), under Mail Contract with Government, and in connection with the Weekly Service from England, despatch a Steamer to Kurrachee every MONDAY at noon.

The Steam-ship "KURRACHEE," 600 tons, 120 H.P., Commander J. Lang, will be despatched on MONDAY, the 9th November, at noon.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM FERRIES (under contract with Government).—Steam Ferry Boats will ply across the Harbour daily, stopping at the undermentioned Bunders:—

Fares from Bombay to	Kewas	Dharamtur.	Oorus.	Oolwa.
	Rs. A	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A
First Class ..... „	3 0	3 0	2 0	3 0
Second Class.. „	0 12	1 0	0 8	0 12
Third Class..... „	0 6	0 8	0 4	0 6

The Dharamtur Ferry leaves Carnac Bunder daily at 8 A. M. and Dharamtur at 1 P. M.

The Oolwa Ferry leaves Carnac Bunder daily at 9 A. M. and Oolwa at 1 P. M.

Passengers are required to obtain Tickets from the Bunder Clerk previous to proceeding on board.

J. A. SHEPHERD.

Apollo Street, Bombay, 5th November, 1867.

THE well known first class Steamer "PHLOX," Baker, Commander, will leave Bombay for the under noted places every TUESDAY, taking Goods and Passengers, starting from the Apollo Bunder at 4 P M, viz:—

Unjunwell.	Malwan.
Ratnagherry.	Vingorla.
Jeytapoor.	Goa.

For Freight or Passage apply to NUSSERWANJEE KERSASJEE, Manager, Bazaar Gate Street, and for Charter, to Messrs. DADABHOY RUTTONJEE, & Co. Rampart Row.

LONDON.

FOR [illegible] calling at Cannanore if sufficient inducement. (To sail in January 1869.)

MESSRS. GRE[illegible] "WINDSOR Passenger Ship the "DOUGLAS, CASTLE," 1250 tons, C. E. [illegible] excellent Commander. This fine Vessel has [illegible] accommodation for Passengers, and [illegible] an experienced Surgeon. For particulars apply to RITCHIE, STEUART & Co., Agents for Captain Douglas.

Bombay, 26th Sept. 1868.

FOR BATAVIA AND THENCE TO AUSTRALIA.

THE fine fast-sailing Ship "DUKE OF NEWCASTLE" will sail on or about the 15th November. Has first class accommodation for Passengers. For Freight or Passage apply to Captain Arey on Board, or to NANABHOY AND SORABJEE.

ST. ANDREW'S LIBRARY.

THACKER, VINING, & Co.

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Russia Leather Covers for Nos. 8 and 9, with best spring locks can be had. Price 7-8.

Rampart Row. THACKER VINING, & Co.

SHIPPING.

OVERLAND FREIGHT ROUTE.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL, LONDON, TRIESTE, MARSEILLES, BRINDISI, VENICE, GENOA, BARCELONA, HAVRE, ADEN, AND SUEZ.

THE Bombay and Bengal Steam Ship Company (Limited), under arrangements with other first class lines of Steamers from Alexandria, undertake to give through Bills of Lading for Goods via Egypt to the above and most other Continental Ports.

A limited number of Passengers can be accommodated.

Rates of Fare.

To Suez—1st class £45. 2nd class £25. } exclusive
To Trieste.—1st class £34 10s. 2nd class £37 5s. } of Wines.

Steamers leave Bombay on the 20th of each month and Suez on or near the 15th.

For Freight or Passage apply to Messrs. STEPHEN, KENNARD & Co., London; Messrs. TOD, KENNARD & Co., Liverpool; Messrs. TOD, RATHBONE & Co., Alexandria; AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Trieste and Venice, and Messrs. FRAISSINET PERE, et FILS, Marseilles; or to the undersigned in Bombay.

The Steam-ship "GUNGA," 1,300 Tons, Captain Bowfellow will be despatched on the 30th November next.

STEARNS, HOBART & Co.

Bombay, 27th June, 1868.

WANTED.

WANTED, a Passage, in a Sailing or Steam Vessel proceeding to England, via the Cape, for an European Invalid. The Vessel tendering will be required to carry a Surgeon.

By order of the Superintendent of Marine,
GEORGE INGLE, Secretary.

Superintendent's Office, Bombay, 29th Oct. 1868.

WANTED to PURCHASE, a first class (Horizontal and Condensing much preferred) High Pressure STEAM ENGINE, of 15 to 20 Horse Power. Also a Cornish or Lancashire BOILER of best make, with all fittings, and suited to supply the above with ample Steam. Apply with full particulars to Messrs. ROBINSON & Co.

HOUSES, &c., TO LET.

TO BE LET, two OFFICES with GROUND FLOORS in Apollo Street, opposite the Secretariate. The ground floors are well adapted for Shop Rooms, Offices, or Godowns.

For further information apply to Messrs. THOMSON & Co., Chemists, Apollo Street.

TO BE LET, from 1st November 1868, an upper-storied, airy HOUSE, No. 75, on Malabar Hill, now occupied by Charles Herring, Esq., of the firm of Messrs. Blackwell & Co. For particulars apply to Mr. ANUNDRAO BHASKERJEE, at the Small Cause Court, Bombay, Esplanade.

3rd October 1868.

TO LET, a commodious, airy, upper-storied BUNGALOW, situate at Grant Road, and lately occupied by the B. B. and C. India Railway Company. The premises are well suitable for a Club, a Hotel, or a Dwelling-house for a large family. For particulars apply to Mr. DADASHOY HORMUSJEE CAMA, at his Office, in Fort, or to Mr. DHUNJEEBHOY BYRAMJEE RANA, at Grant Road.

NOTICES.

P. GRANT AND SON, SADDLERS AND HARNESS MAKERS.

No. 1 Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay.

BROACH EXHIBITION.—Notice is hereby given that arrangements have been made with Mr. Jewanjee Hormusjee, of the Byculla Hotel, for the accommodation of Visitors to the above Exhibition. Particulars will be given in future Advertisements. Parties requiring Tents should communicate with the undersigned.

JAMES GREAVES, Secretary,
Broach Exhibition Committee.

29th October 1868.

NOTICE.—To be sold by Public Auction in H. M.'s Dockyard, on Monday the 9th November, and the days following, a quantity of old and unserviceable Marine Stores, consisting of Awnings old, Canvas, Sails, Rope old (Coir and Europe), Mats, Yarn, Iron, Brass, Lead, Copper old, Canvas, Cloth, Tarred Coal Dust, &c. Also Stores returned from Abyssinia, such as Hawsers, Coir, Gunny Bags, Ensigns and Tanks Iron, &c., &c. Terms of Sale as usual, and for further particulars apply to the undersigned.

W. L. SEARLE, Lieut., late I. N.,
Marine Storekeeper.

Marine Storekeeper's Office, Bombay, 29th Oct. 1868

NOTICE.—Tenders will be received by the Executive Commissariat Officer at Bombay, on Monday the 2nd proximo at 12 o'clock noon, for the supply of Tonnage for conveying by Country Boats the following Articles from Ponany (Annamalai Range) to Bombay, viz:—

One hundred Logs of Timber Teak Wood, measuring in all about 5,000 cubic feet, or one hundred tons.
Twelve hundred Planks Teak Wood, averaging 15 cubic feet each.
Thirty Logs of Black Wood, averaging 25 cubic feet.
Thirty Logs of 2nd Class Trees, averaging 15 cubic feet.

The Boats should reach Ponany by the 14th proximo. The charges for embarking and disembarking the above Stores must be borne by the Tenderer.

The usual Deposit Money will be received from the Tenderers

Any further particulars will be given on application at this Office.

C. F. KEAYS, Captain,
Executive Commissariat Officer, Presidency.

Bombay, Executive Commissariat Office,
29th October 1868.

BYCULLA HOTEL,
SITUATE AT THE JUNCTION OF THE BELLASIS AND CLARE ROADS, BYCULLA.

Under the present management this Hotel is acknowledged to be the best in Bombay. It was built at great cost expressly for an Hotel and fitted up and furnished in the most complete manner regardless of expense, so as to ensure the comfort of Visitors and Residents. It is adapted both for Families and Gentlemen.

The DINING HALL is the largest in Bombay; and the Sitting and Sleeping Rooms are replete with every convenience. The strictest regard is paid to cleanliness throughout the Establishment.

The TABLE is abundantly supplied with the very best Viands, and the Culinary Department is under the immediate supervision of the Proprietor.

The WINES, SPIRITS and BEER are selected from the most celebrated Houses in London and the Continental markets.

The PROPRIETOR takes this opportunity to thank his numerous Patrons for their support, and while soliciting a continuance of their favours, recommends his Establishment to the favourable notice of Travellers and Residents, all of whom may be accommodated with the comforts of a Home at moderate charges.

This HOTEL is pleasantly situated and within five minutes' drive of both Railway Stations and within a short distance of the landing-places.

Byculla Hotel, 1st July, 1868.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.—Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

In the matter of Act XIX. of 1857, and Act VII. of 1860 of the Legislative Council of India, and in the matter of the winding up of the INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION (LIMITED.)

NOTICE is hereby given that under and by virtue of an Order bearing date the 29th day of September last, made in the above matter by the HONORABLE MR. JUSTICE WESTROPP in Chambers, the OFFICIAL LIQUIDATOR will through Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers, at 2 P. M., on MONDAY the 16th day of November next, sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, all the outstanding debts due and owing to the said Company.

A list of the outstandings, with full particulars and conditions of sale, may be seen on application to the Official Liquidator at his Office in 30, Meadow Street, or at the Auctioneers, at Messrs. Crawford & Co., Auctioneers.—Dated the 22nd day of October 1868.

A. C. GUMPERT,
Official Liquidator.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of an Order, bearing date the 29th day of September last, made in the above matter by the HONORABLE MR. JUSTICE WESTROPP in Chambers, the Official Liquidator hereby requires all persons holding Letters of Allotment or entitled to participate in a distribution of the Assets of the said Company, within one month from the date of this advertisement, to make good their title as such Shareholders to the satisfaction of the Official Liquidator, at his Office in Tamarind Lane, and in default of their doing so within the time above limited, the Official Liquidator will pay into the hands of the Accountant General of the High Court, to be placed to the account of this matter, all such sums as may be due and payable, or become payable, to the persons whose names are on the Register of Shareholders of this Company, but who shall not have proved their title to participate in a distribution of the Assets of the Company to the satisfaction of the Official Liquidator as aforesaid within the period limited as aforesaid.—Dated the 22nd day of October 1868.

A. C. GUMPERT,
Official Liquidator.

NOTICE is hereby given that by an Order bearing date the 29th day of September last, made in the above matter by the HONORABLE MR. JUSTICE WESTROPP in Chambers, the Official Liquidator hereby requires all persons, whose names have already been settled on the list of Shareholders, to apply within two months from the date of this advertisement for such Dividends as may have been declared, and in default of application for such Dividends as aforesaid the Official Liquidator will pay into the hands of the Accountant General, to be placed to the accounts of this matter, the Dividends which at the expiration of the said two months shall not have been applied for in manner aforesaid.—Dated this 22nd day of October 1868.

A. C. GUMPERT,
Official Liquidator.

NOTICES.

MESSRS. BADHAM & COMPANY.

HOSIERS, GLOVERS, AND GENERAL WAREHOUSEMEN.

Apollo House. Bombay.

By Appointment.

To the late EARLS CANNING and ELGIN;
The present Viceroy and Governor General of India.
His Excellency The Right Hon'ble SIR JOHN MAIR LAWRENCE, G. C. B., K. S. I.

SEASON 1868-69.

MESSRS. BADHAM and Company, in announcing the arrival of their Shipments for the present season, beg to call special attention to the great extension of all Departments.

The Goods have been carefully selected by Mr. BADHAM from the best London and Parisian Markets, and in order to obtain the latest novelties, the whole of the Goods have been despatched by the Overland Route.

BADHAM'S SPECIAL INDIAN HOSIERY

	Rs.	Rs.
HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.		
Fine Bro. Cotton Socks, p. doz.	12	to 21
Superfine do do.	18	„ 21
Balbriggan embossed Silk do.	25	
Fine Striped and Fancy Socks.	14	„ 20
Fine Mixed Silk and Cotton	25	
Superfine Grey and Mixed Merino	13	„ 18½
Extra Super do. Mixed Striped.	21	„ 24
Lisle Thread ½ Hose	20	
Do. Fancy Striped	33	
Fancy and Striped Silk Socks.	25	„ 45
Ribbed Knickerbocker Stockings for Shikaring &c., per pair	3	„ 6
Celebrated India Gauze under Vests	4½	„ 6½
Silk and Wool Pants	5	„ 8
India Gauze Pants	7	„ 8
Grey Merino Pants	6	„ 8
Bathing Drawers, Striped Fancy Cotton	2½	

BADHAM'S SHIRTS

	Rs.	A.
SHIRT DEPARTMENT.		
Fine Longcloth Shirts per doz.	45	0
White Zephyr Shirts per doz. 55, 60, 65	0	
Do Dress Do. „	75	0
Pure Silk and Wool Shrunk, each.	10	8
Do. all Wool „	10	0
Do. Cashmere „	10	8
Span Silk Shirts „	12	8
French Printed Shirts per doz.	70	0
Span Silk Sleeping Suits, each	25	0
Cashmere Do.	20	0
Silk and Wool Do. (indispensable).	20	0
Prince of Wales Do. „	18	0
THE PRINCE OF WALES'S Colored Shirts: a new Material highly recommended to those who cannot wear Flannel and require an absorbing Material, each	8	8

BADHAM'S THREE-FOLD COLLARS

	Rs.	A.
COLLAR DEPARTMENT.		
The Pall Mall per dozen	7	0
do. with Tie „	7	8
The Belgian „	7	0
do. with Tie „	7	8
The Shakspear „	7	0
do. with Tie „	7	8
The Regent „	7	0
The Indian „	7	0
The Improved West End „	7	0

BADHAM'S SCARFS, TIES, &c.

	Rs.	A.
FANCY DEPARTMENT.		
The Duke of Edinburgh Scarf.	3	0
The Bottom Row Scarf	3	8
The Bond Street do	3	8
The Bond Street Washing Scarf.	1	0
The Windsor Scarf for Sailor's Knot, Gauze Silk, Satin, &c., Rs. 2-8 to	4	0
An Immense Assortment of all kinds of Scarfs and Ties.		
Guyot's Improved French Braces	2	8
India Rubber with Buck Skin Ends	5	0
The United Service Brace	3	0
Bridle Leather Belts	3	0

	Rs.	Rs.
LINEN DEPARTMENT.		
Damask Napkins of all sizes		
Damask Table Cloths, to dine four to twenty persons		
Gentlemen's Cambric Handkerchiefs ready for use per dozen	12-8	to 25
Gentlemen's Handkerchiefs, Colored Borders	„	16-8
Gentlemen's French Cambric, with Photographs	„	32-8

	Rs.	Rs.
JEWELLERY DEPARTMENT.		
Gold Solitaires, Plain	15	to 30
„ Chased	15	„ 30
„ Studs, Enamelled	12	„ 24
„ Sleeve Links	18	„ 30
„ Shirt Studs	14	„ 30
„ Scarf Rings	8	„ 30
„ Scarf Pins (latest novelties)	10	„ 30

	Rs.	Rs.
TRAVELLING DEPARTMENT.		
Overland Trunks	20	to 32
Solid Leather Portmanteaus	50	„ 70
Railway Portmanteaus	16	„ 30
Leather Bags (of all descriptions)	8	„ 12
Scotch Mauds	12	„ 35
Railway Rugs	12	„ 50
Witney Rugs, Overland Chairs, Invalid Chairs, Bags, Real Morocco Courier Bags, Rug Straps, Belts.	Clothes	Cholera

ELLWOOD'S EXTRA QUALITY

	Rs.	A.
HAT DEPARTMENT.		
Paris Hats	16	0
Drab Shell Felt	10	8
The Celt Black and Drabs	8	8
The Jerome do.	7	8
The Cantab do.	7	8
The Isis do.	7	8
The Derby do.	7	8

ELLWOOD'S AIR CHAMBER HELMETS BEST QUALITY

Hunting, Patent Inner Bands
„ Turban „
„ lined Cork. „
Helmets.

The new Regulation Helmets, Hawkes' Patent best Quality.

GLOVE DEPARTMENT.

Ladies'.	Gent's.
White Kid.	White.
Straw.	Straw.
Lavender.	Lavender.
Black.	Black.
Drabs assorted.	Drabs assorted.
	French Dog Skin.

STICKS.

UMBRELLAS.

Gent's Plain and Twill Silk Fox's Paragon Frames
Ladies, Plain Silk, Ivory and Carved Oak Handles.

BADHAM AND COMPANY,
Indian Hosiers.

POONA BREAD DEPOT.—The Proprietor of the Poona Bread Depot begs to inform the Public that he is prepared to supply BREAD, BISCUIT, FLOUR, &c. of a superior quality. Charges moderate.

Apply to P. A. DE NAZARETH, at Dhobie Talao, House No. 25.

All orders will be promptly attended to.

MESSRS. GEO. NICOLL & Co. have the pleasure to announce to their numerous Customers that they have received overland a new Stock of BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions (English and French).

Messrs. G. N. & Co. take this opportunity of returning thanks for the liberal support received during the past year, and trust by strict attention to all Orders they may be favoured with, to merit a further continuance of the same.

Price Lists, post free on application, containing directions for self-measurement.

24, Meadow Street, Bombay, and 1, East Street, Poona.

13th October 1868.

BROACH EXHIBITION.—Intending EXHIBITORS are particularly requested to send in complete LISTS of the ARTICLES to be EXHIBITED and the SPACE REQUIRED as early as possible.

The Committee will be prepared by the 1st of November to receive Goods of a non-perishable nature

Machinery requiring power should be sent in not later than the 20th of November.

Perishable articles will be received on the day previous to opening.

Special arrangements can be made for Jewellery, &c.

Prospectuses, forms of demand for Space, and other information, may be obtained by applying to the undersigned.

JAMES GREAVES, Secretary.

Broach, 25th September 1868.

METAL MART, BOREE BUNDER.—LUBRICATING OIL.—Just received a shipment of this Oil from Young's Patent Paraffin Light and Mineral Oil Company.

"Jenning's" Patent Tip-up Lavatory Basins with self-closing Supply Valves.

Suction and Delivery Hose.

Galvanised Corrugated Iron Sheets.

Cast Iron, Wrought Iron, and Lead Pipes.

Steam Engines and Boilers.

Plate, Bar, Angle, and T. Iron.

Cast, Sheer, and Blister Steel.

Engineers' and Contractors' Tools.

Ornamental Cast Iron Work, Gates and Railings.

Estimates given for all kinds of Iron Work and Machinery.

17th August 1868. W. NICOL & Co.

NOTICE is hereby given that Nanabhai Pandoorang has contracted to sell all that piece or parcel of Land or Ground, commonly known as Degurwady, with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, and out-houses standing thereon, situate at Dady Sheth's Agiary Road, without the Fort, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under Nos. 116 and 117, and by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 46, and bounded on the east by the house of Soondersabai, widow of the late Sadanund Dadoba, on the west by the house of the late Sadanund Dadoba, on the west by the house of the Luximbai, widow of the late Bapuji Shamrao, on the north by the said Dady Sheth's Agiary Road, and on the south by the part of Mathew D. Cruz, and now in the occupation of Wasudeo Crustnanath and other tenants. Any person having claims upon the said premises by way of mortgage, lease, inheritance, or otherwise, will make the same known to the undersigned, at his office No. 47, Kalbadevi Road, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without regard to any such claims.

MOROJI GASHINATH, on behalf of the Purchaser.

22nd October 1868.

NOTICES.

HEGT AND WYTENHORST, SHIP-CHANDLERS and GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS, RANGOON, with a Branch Firm under the name of HEGT & Co., SHIP-CHANDLERS, BASSEIN.

NOTICE.—A large quantity of Country Tobacco will be sold by Public Auction on Thursday next, the 29th instant, and on Monday the 2nd proximo, at the Commissariat Stores, Colaba Depot, near the Causeway.

The purchasers to pay the Customs fee prior to the removal of the Tobacco.

Terms, Cash, and the Lots to be removed forthwith.

L. M. DAVIES, Major,
Deputy Assistant Commissary General.

Executive Commis-ariat Office, Abyssinia Branch,
Bombay, 28th October 1868.

BANK OF BOMBAY, (IN LIQUIDATION.)—NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Proprietors of the Bank of Bombay (in Liquidation), will be held in the Offices of the New Bank of Bombay in Elphinstone Circle, on Monday, the 16th day of November 1868, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the following purposes:—

1. To receive a Report on the progress made in the Liquidation, with a Statement of the present position of the Bank.

2. To appoint and fix the Remuneration of a Liquidator in room of Mr. Stuart, resigned.

JOHN STUART, Liquidator.

Bombay, 30th October 1868.

THOMSON AND COMPANY, CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,
Opposite the Secretariate,
22, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY,
From the late firm of
ROGERS & Co.

PRESCRIPTIONS.

Every care and attention is given to this Department of our business, and being under our personal superintendence, Physicians and Patients may rely on all articles being supplied of the best quality, and prepared with exactness and uniformity.

MEDICINE CHESTS IN GREAT VARIETY

SHIPS' MEDICINE CHESTS CAREFULLY REFILLED.

Messrs. Thomson & Co. devote particular attention to Ships' Medicine Chests, and will, at any time, send on Board a competent party to have the Chest examined, free of charge.

PATENT MEDICINES.

Hair Brushes.	Flesh Gloves.
Nail Brushes	Chest Expanders.
Tooth Brushes.	Eau de Cologne.
Combs.	Violet Powder.
Corn Plasters.	Feeding Bottles.
Perfumery.	Court Plaster.
Sponges	Filters.
Sponge Bags.	

AND A LARGE STOCK OF OTHER SUNDRIES.

PIPES, TOBACCO, CHEROOTS.

Orders from Outstations, accompanied by a Bombay reference, will receive every care and attention.

THOMSON & Co.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co., IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS OF WINES, SPIRITS, AND LIQUEURS.

Established in Bordeaux & London in 1815, *& in India in* 1842.

LONDON HOUSES
- *Wholesale and for Export only* —Tower Bonded Vaults, Mark Lane.
- *Retail*—Charing Cross Railway Arches, Villiers Street, Strand.
- *Wholesale and for Export*—Place du Champ de Mars.

BORDEAUX HOUSE
- *Agencies*—Paris—Pau—Bagneres de Bigorre—Bagneres de Luchon—Cannes—Nice—Biarritz—San Remo—Hyeres—Dieppe—Brussels.

REPRESENTATIVES

In China, Calcutta, Madras, Colombo, Kurrachee, Mauritius, New York, New Zealand, Manilla, New Orleans.

WE beg respectfully to solicit the commands of Residents, Visitors, and Travellers, and EUROPEAN RESIDENTS OF WESTERN INDIA. Our business in Europe has for upwards FIFTY YEARS been confined to the Wine trade, and being importers on the London and Bordeaux markets, we claim to be in a position to meet the requirements of the Indian public; superior to all competing Agencies in Bombay.

We subjoin our LIST OF SELECTED WINES for this Market, and beg to intimate:—

1st. That we cannot execute orders for less than 1 dozen quarts, or 2 dozen pints of either one of them; Liqueurs excepted Thase in not less quantities than ½ dozen pints or quarts.

2nd. That our Wines and Spirits are procurable from every respectable General Shopkeeper in Bombay and at Out-stations; they, however, fix their own selling prices for them.

3rd. That our quotations are for delivery from our Godowns, and that we do not take the risk of subsequent breakage. Nor can we undertake to deliver Wines, &c. in Bombay.

4th. That our quotations for *all* Sparkling Wines do not provide for examination of original packed Cases, or for the rejection of alleged or broken bottles likely to be found in such cases, on arrival, after a long sea voyage. We guarantee each Case to contain its full complement of sound Bottles at time of shipment, but at our prices, cannot provide for atmospheric or climatic influences; if our constituents wish us to take this risk, which affects sparkling wine more than any other, we can only do so by adding Rs. 4 per dozen quarts, and Rs. 2½ per dozen pints to our quotations.

CLARETS.

Shipped from our own Bordeaux House,

	per doz. Qts.	Pts.
A 1—Chateau Latour or Mouton. Gold capsule, Labelled & Branded	Rs. 30	Rs. 16
No. 1—Rauzan, Black capsule, do	25	„ 14
„ 2—Leoville, Blue capsule, do	22	„ 12
„ 3—La rose, Yellow capsule, do	18-8	„ 10-8
„ 4—St. Julien, Green capsule, do	17	„ 10
„ 5—Medoc, Red capsule, do	15-8	„ 9
„ 6—Medoc, White capsule do	13-8	
Sauterne, Red capsule, do	22	

Very choice BURGUNDIES—RED AND WHITE.

Chambertin, Labelled and Branded	Rs. 33	
Nuits, ditto	26	
Macon, ditto	21	
Chablis, ditto	22	

The finest CHAMPAGNES *that can be shipped.*

Finest Dry Sparkling, Gold foil, Labelled & Branded,	Rs. 36	0	Rs. 19	8
Fine Sparkling, Silver Foil ditto	„ 32	0	„ 17	8
Good Sparkling „ ditto	„ 27	0	„ 14	8

GERMAN WINES.

Of our own Selection.

Nonpareil Hock and Moselle, Sparkling, Gold foil, Labelled and Branded	Rs. 36		Rs. 19	8
Muscatel do. and do., 1st quality, Silver foil	„ 32		„ 17	8
Moselle Still, Marcobrunner	„ 34		„	
„ „ Braunberger, do	„ 25		„	
Hock „ Johannisberger	„ 42		„	
„ „ Forster Traminer	„ 34		„	
„ „ Rudesheimer, do	„ 26		„	
„ „ Hocheimer, do	„ 23		„	

Specially selected SHERRIES *for tropical consumption.*

Amontillado, very choice and superior	Rs. 30	0
Amoroso, very choice, full flavored, soft, pale	„ 28	0
Sherry No. 1, Green seal, full bodied, gold color, dry	„ 22	0
do „ 1, Blue seal, pale and dry	„ 22	0
do „ 1, Brown seal, very light gold and dry	„ 22	0
do „ 2, Yell

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

SHARE MARKET.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

ELPHINSTONES advanced from 725 to 730, Colabas from 1,115 to 1,120, Bank of Bombay shares from 105 to 108. Market firm.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS

Subscribed Capital	Nomi. Value of sh.	Paid up	Last Dividend.	Names.	Rate per Share.
	Rs.	Rs.	p. a.		
1,000,000	100	all	9 p.ct.	Agra Bank	136
5,140,000	1,000	all	9 p.ct.	Bank of Bengal	1250
1,000,000	500	all	5 do.	Do. of Bombay New	105
3,750,000	1,000	all	14 p.c.	Do. of Madras	1560
800,000	200	all	5 p.ct.	Chartered Bank of India, A. & China	200
700,000	250	all	6 do.	Chartered Bk. of I. & C.	280
1,000,000	500	250	..	Delhi and London	260
1,000,000	250	125	8 do.	National Bank of India	135
600,000	250	all	12 do.	Oriental Bank	460

LAND COMPANIES.

2,150,000	3,000	all	Rs. 80	Colaba Land Co	1120
1,480,000	1,000	all	30	Elphinstone Land	725 to 730
1,080,000	1,000	500	11-14	Do. New	385
..	1,000	1,000	Nil	Frere Land	75
160,000	5,000	4,150	Nil	Mazagon Land	640
..	2,000	1,380	Nil	Fort Canning	275

PRESS COMPANIES.

40,000	2,000	1,100	200 p.a.	Albert Co. Kurrachee	800
25,000	2,000	850	30 p.a.	Alexandra Press Co	370
197,500	12,000	11,000	1800 p.a.	Apollo Press Co	10900
80,000	2,000	2,000	400 do.	Bombay Press Co	1570
..	500	500	100 do.	Do. New	390
..	1,000	1,889	100 do.	Colaba Press Co	3075
270,000	2,000	2,000	..	East India Press Co	1650
837,500	8,500	8,500	1000 p.a.	Fort Press Co	8050
60,000	2,000	1,800	191	Framji Cowasji Press	1225
400,000	5,000	4,000	425 p.a.	Hydraulic Press Co	3200
20,000	5,000	2,000	..	Kurrachee Press Co	850
300,000	1,000	500	..	Mofus. Press & G. Co	210
20,000	2,500	2,500	300 p.a.	Prince of W. Press	2900
45,000	2,000	750	..	Victoria Press, Madras	135

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

..	2,800	1,700	50	Albert Mills Co	950
125,000	2,500	all	1371	Alliance Spinning	1838
20,000	2,000	all	..	Arkwright	400
650,000	3,500	all	..	Bombay	3500
160,000	1,600	1,000	10 p.c.	Bombay United	985
..	500	500	12 p.c.	Broach Mills	320
160,000	5,000	all	..	Coorla Spinning	1950
100,000	2,000	2,000	250	Great Eastern	1770
25,000	1,000	all	135	Manockji Petit's	675
200,000	2,500	all	..	Oriental	1050
150,000	2,500	2,500	..	Royal	1500
87,500	5,000	all	..	Victoria Spinning	2000

SHIPPING COMPANIES.

500,000	5,000	3,500	600	Bombay Ship. Co	1350
240,000	2,500	all	200	Bombay Coast	1350
160,000	5,000	2,500	..	Prince of Wales Ship Co	1050
120,000	5,000	3,500	250	Union Shipping Co	100
160,000	500	500	..	Vegas Patent Slip & Foundry Co	70

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

..	£20	18 3 0	5 p.c.	G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock
..	£20	19 8 8	do.	Do. New £20 shares
..	£100	1,090	do.	Bombay, Baroda & C. I Railway Co

CALCUTTA.—26th October, 1868.

Government Securities.—Two or three sales of 4 per cents. were made early in the forenoon, at Rs 5.8 discount. During the day there were demands, and by the afternoon the rates advanced 4 annas. Public Works 5 per cents were offered in the market at lower figures. Some transactions in 5 per cents. of 1855-57 took place at Rs. 8-8 to-8-12 premium, prices have an upward tendency.

The transactions reported in shares are has follows :—

Bank of Bengal shares 3 at Rs. 1,743 each, and a good number at Rs. 132. It is not easy to get any large quantity even at the latter price.

People's Bank shares were purchased, by different parties, at Rs. 84, 35, 34, and 88.

Two small lots of Simla Bankshares were bought, for country orders, at Rs. 100.

A purchase of Uncovenanted Service Bank shares was made at Rs. 105 per share.

10 shares in the Allahabad Bank sold at Rs. 90 each.

Agra Bank shares are wanted at quotation.

R. Scott Thomson and Co.'s shares were placed at Rs. 27 each.

Tirhoot Indigo Co's shares were wanted at Rs. 100 for cash, but no purchase reported. Some time-bargain contracts were effected, viz., of 50 and 12 shares at Rs. 98 each for delivery in 30 days, and 100 shares at Rs. 110 for delivery in 2 months.

In Tea Companies shares the transactions reported were of 20 shares Bora Tea Co. at Rs. 3 each, Soom Tea Co's at Rs. 25 each, and a batch of Bishnauth's, without stating the rate.

CALCUTTA FREIGHT MARKET.

The demand for tonnage for the United Kingdom, during the week under review, has not been so active as before. Rates of Freight, however, have not materially changed for regular shipments, but for filling up lots for immediate shipments, much lower rates have been accepted for Jute There has been a fair demand for America; but the country trade continues stagnant, there being a slight disposition to do business for Mauritius only.

There have been very few arrivals, and the amount of disengaged tonnage is again reduced. We quote as follows. For London, Jute £2-12-6 to £2-15 per ton for time shipment £2-5 to £2-10 for immediate shipment; Linseed £2-12-1 per ton; Rice £2-12-6 per ton; Saltpetre £1; Sugar £1-8 per ton; Hides, Tea, &c., £2-15 p r ton. For Liverpool—Jute £2-7-6 to £2-10 per ton; Linseed £2-7-6 per ton; Rice £1-7-6 per ton; Cotton, nominal.

For America 810 to 810½ for Seeds and measurement, and 88 per ton for Saltpetre.

For Dundee, £2-17-5 to £3 per ton for Jute.

For the West Indies, no further transactions.

For Mauritius, Rs. 1-1 per Bag.

For Colombo, As. 14 per Bag.

For Bombay Rs. 14 to Rs. 15 per ton. To load at the Rice Ports £3-7-6 per ton is obtainable for the United Kingdom, £3-12-6 per ton for the Continent.

For London.—Middlesex, 200 tons Linseed at £2-10 per ton. 200 tons Jute at £2-15 per ton, 200 tons Rice at £1-10, and 50 tons Saltpetre at £1 per ton.

Sydney Dacres, 400 tons Linseed at £2-10 to £2-12-6 per ton. Dhollera, 100 tons Poppy Seed at £3 and £3-7-6 per ton. Superb, 200 tons Linseed at £2-10, and 100 tons Jute at £2-10 per ton. Nile, 200 tons Sugar at £1-5 per ton. British Nation, 150 tons Jute at £2-10 per ton.

Sir John Lawrence, 300 tons Poppy at £2-17-6, and 300 bales Jute at £2-5 per ton to fill up. Furness Abbey, 1,000 tons Jute at £2-5 per ton. Lady Palmerston 150 tons Jute at £2-10 per ton. Gauntlet, 100 tons Jute at £2-10, and 40 tons at £2-7-6 per ton, all for filling up. Pandora, 300 tons Rice at £1-12-6 per ton City of Canton, 350 tons Rice at £1-12-6, and 150 tons Linseed at £2-12-5 per ton.

For Liverpool.—Peter Stuart, 400 tons Linseed at £2-5 to £2-7-6 per ton, 300 tons Jute at £2-7-6 and 100 tons at £2-10 per ton. Serampore, 300 tons Rice at £1-7-6 per ton, 300 tons Jute at £2-10 per ton.

Gilbert Thompson, 100 tons Linseed at £2-7-6 per ton. Mirzapore, 600 tons Jute at £2-10 per ton.

For the United States.—Berkeley Castle, for New York or Boston, a full cargo of legal me chandise at 90 per ton. Continental, 1,000 tons for New York, 1,300 tons Seed and measurement goods at 80 per ton and 200 tons Saltpetre at 87 to 88 per ton.

For Cape Town.—Pamplemouses, at £3 per ton, and for Algoa Bay £3-10 per ton.

For Bombay.—Muscat Merchant at Rs. 15 per ton, dead Weight, and Rs. 14 per ton for light Freight.

To load at the Rice Ports.—Sir John Lawrence, reported to be chartered at Bombay, to load at Akyab for Liverpool, at £3-7-6 per ton.

CARRINGTON & Co., 4, Clive treet.

24th September, 1868.

MILITARY.

ARRIVALS.—OCTOBER 31.

Rocke, Lieutenant, Madras Staff Corps, on sick leave, from Nagpore.

Davis, Major, Staff Corps, on sick leave, from England.

Sinclair, Major, Staff Officer Kolapore, on leave, from Kolapore.

Foss, Deputy Inspector General, Medical Department, on duty, from Belgaum.

Roberts, Major, Assistant Commissary General, on sick leave, from England.

Read, Captain, Bengal Staff Corps, on sick leave, from England.

Conolly, Lieutenant, Royal Artillery, on sick leave, from England.

Farquhar, Captain, on sick leave, from England.

Tyrwhitt, Lieutenant Colonel, Bengal Staff Corps, on sick leave, from England.

Darling, Major, Royal Artillery, on leave, from England.

Gough, Major, 12th Bengal cavalry, on leave, from Malligaum.

DEPARTURES.—OCTOBER 31.

Robertson, Surgeon, 5th Regiment M. N. I., on sick leave, to England.

Godson, Captain, 12th Regiment N. I., on sick leave, to England.

Mellersh, Lieutenant Colonel, Royal Artillery, on furlough, to England.

Begbie, Lieutenant, Madras Army, on furlough, to England.

Dick, Surgeon, Medical Department, on duty, to Kolapore.

Skinner, Major General, on furlough, to England.

Bell, Surgeon, Medical Department, on duty, to Poona.

SHIPPING.

DAILY FREIGHT REPORT.—21st OCTOBER.

London	Cotton	£1 10s. 0d.	£1 15s. 0d. per ton.
	Seeds	£1 5s. 0d.	Nominal do.
Liverpool	Cotton	£1 10s. 0d.	to £2 5s. 0d. do.
	Seeds	£1 5s. 0d.	to £1 7s. 6d. do.
Overland	Cotton	£4 10s. 0d.	per 40 cubic feet
China —	Sailing vessel. Cotton		Nominal.
	Steamer do.	Rs. 10 to 12	per bale.
	" Opium	Rs. 20 to 25	per chest.
Calcutta	Salt	Rs. 4 to 5	per ton.
Mauritius	Grain		Nominal.

ARRIVALS.

Date.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
Oct. 31	Kurrachee (s)	Lang	Kurrachee, Oct. 28.
	Malta (s)	Hyde	Suez, Oct. 18.
	Matterhorn	Curtis	Liverpool, June 27.
	New Brunswick	Lackling	London, June 11.
	Esterpe	Kyle	Calcutta, Sept. 6.
	Phlox (s)	Baker	Goa, Oct. 30
	John Elliott	Griffiths	Calcutta, Sept. 19
Nov. 1	Solway	Richards	Calcutta, Oct. 9.
	Thracian	Hay	Cardiff, June 2.
	Salmon	Johns	Calcutta, Aug. 15.
	Michael Angelo		London, July 28.
	Atmosphere		Kurrachee.

DEPARTURES.

Date.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
Oct. 31	Sumatra (s)	White	Aden and Suez.
	Sultan (s)	Dundas	China.
	Joyce Phillips	Mumford	Colombo.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 24 Moulmein (s) ....Ewert ....Akyab, Oct. 21.
Atiet Rohoman ....Nacoda ....Jeddo, Aug. 11.
25 Busheer (s. ....Matthews ....Singapore, Oct. 8.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 21 Squando ....
Calirrhoe ....
City of Perth ....
Birmingham ....
Vernon ....
Calliope ....
25 Bennington ....
Leicester ....
Sir Henry Lawrence ....
Iron Crown ....

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 24 Burmah (s) ....G ....Rangoon.
26 Arabia (s ....Ballantine ....orts.
Hermione ....Richardson ....Ganjam.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 24 Nicobar ....Moulmein
26 Berbice ....Williams ....London.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STEAM TO HONGKONG VIA TUTICORIN.

THE s. s. "NADA," 1,000 tons, Captain Wood, will be despatched to the above Ports about 15th proximo.

For Freight and Passage apply to STEARNS, HOBART, & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 31st October 1868.

STEAM TO MADRAS.

THE British India Steam Navigation Company (Limited) will despatch the Steam Ship "Himalaya," 1341 tons, 250 H. P., Commander J. T. Lewis, R. N. R., to the above Ports, calling at Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Calicut, Cochin, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, and Pondicherry on Thursday the 5th November. For Freight and Passage apply to

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STILL HOCK.

	Cash. Rs. as.	Credit. Rs. as.
Nessmely No. 1, a very delicate and agreeable Wine	22 0	25 0

A fresh consignment on sale by

TREACHER & Co. (Limited).

ATLASES—
KEITH JOHNSTON'S Royal Atlas ..... Rs. 80 0
BLACK'S General At as 45 0
BETT'S Family Atlas 32 0
JOHNSTON'S General School Atlas 9 0
Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING, & Co.

THOYTS' (Capt. N. B.) GUIDE to CANDIDATES for the Staff Corps. Rs 3.
THACKER, VINING, & Co.

CHAMBERS'S ENCYCLOPÆDIA, complete in 10 Volumes. Rs. 60.
THACKER, VINING, & Co.

Pocket Edition 1868.

INDIAN PENAL CODE, CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE, and POLICE CODE, in one Volume, pocket size.—Rs. 5.
THACKER, VINING, & Co.

LEECH'S PICTURES from PUNCH, 2 Volumes, half morocco ..... Rs. 45 0
Ditto in Four Volumes, bound in paper 30 0
THACKER, VINING, & Co.

CHURCH SERVICES AND PRAYER BOOKS—
IVORY BOUND CHURCH SERVICES, with gilt rims and clasp, and carved ivory monogram, in morocco lock cases, silk lined ..... Rs 38 0
VELVET-BOUND CHURCH SERVICES, gilt rims and clasp, pierced gilt metal monogram on the side, in morocco lock cases, silk-lined 25 0
MOROCCO BOUND CHURCH SERVICES, with or without gilt rims, clasps, monograms, or crosses, from Rs. 8 to 20 0
COMMON PRAYER BOOK, Gentlemen's size, about 5 by 3, bound in limp morocco, ribbon edges, with or without grolier cross on side, the rubrics printed in red 5 0
DITTO, the same in large type, making the book thicker 7 0
DITTO. Diamond type, size 3¾ by 2¼, bound limp morocco, ribbon edges, red rubrics 3 12
DITTO, without red rubrics, plain morocco 2 8
DIAMOND PRAYER BOOK, ivory-bound, with gilt rims and clasp, and ivory cross or monogram, in morocco lock-case, silk-lined 10 8
LARGE TYPE COMMON PRAYER BOOK, size 9 by 6, bound plain morocco 14 0
A VARIETY in other bindings, ranging from Rs. 3 to 15 0
Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING, & Co.

BAGSTER'S PRESENTATION FAMILY BIBLES, bound in Turkey morocco, elegant, with clasp, in three sizes respectively. Rs. 35, 48, and 55.
Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING, & Co.

ROGET'S THESAURUS of English Words and Phrases, classified and arrranged so as to facilitate the expression of ideas and assist in literary composition. Twenty-four edition, 1868. Rs. 7-8.
Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING, & Co.

ALLEN'S MAP OF INDIA, 1867, showing the British Territories, sub-divided into Collectorates, and including the Tenasserim Provinces, with the position and boundary of each Native State: executed by order of the Government of India, by JOHN WALKER, size 5 ft. 8 ins. square.

Price on Rollers, mounted and varnished ..... Rs. 45 0
Mounted and Folded, in case 39 8
Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING, & Co.

NOW READY,
Published under Authority of the India Office,
THE PEOPLE OF INDIA: a Series of Photographic Illustrations, with Descriptive Letterpress, of the RACES and TRIBES of HINDUSTAN, edited by J. FORBES WATSON, and JOHN W. KAYE. Volumes I. and II. Price Rs. 50, nett cash.

*** Other Volumes will follow at intervals, and the price of each will be Rs. 25 nett cash, the price at which they are issued being £2 5s.
THACKER, VINING, & Co.,
Agents in Bombay for the Publications issued by the India Office.
Rampart Row.

LETTS' DIARIES, 1869.—Almost all the Numbers may now be procured.
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CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE.—Second edition, 1868, Rs. 15, by post Rs. 16; or half bound in law calf and interleaved Rs. 21, by post Rs. 22-8.
Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING, & Co.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY CALENDAR 1868-9 ..... Rs. 20
Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING, & Co.

BENGAL LAW REPORTS.—Specimen copies of the First and Second Parts may now be seen. Annual Subscription Rs. 49.
Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING, & Co.

DELHI, AGRA, and RAJPOOTANA, illustrated by Eighty Photographs, by Captain E. IMPEY, Bengal Staff Corps—Imperial folio half bound, published in 1865 by Cundall and Downes—one copy only remains for sale in Bombay. Rs. 85.
Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING, & Co.

BENGAL DIRECTORY, ABRIDGED EDITION, 1868, corrected to June 30, containing a General Alphabetical List of European Residents in Bengal, N. W. P., Central Provinces, Punjaub, Oude, Burmah, Assam, &c. Rs. 6.
THACKER, VINING, & Co., Bombay.
THACKER, SPINK, & Co., Calcutta.

JOHNSON'S PHOTOGRAPHS of the ORIENTAL RACES and TRIBES, Resident and Visitors of Bombay, with letter-press descriptions. Two Volumes. Folio French morocco, gilt. Each Rs. 52-8.
Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING, & Co.

PUNCH.—Twenty Volumes—1841 to 1862, newly bound in red cloth, gilt edges.—Rs. 120.
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CHESSON AND WOODHALL'S LIBRARY.
No. 10, HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY, AND No. 1, EAST STREET, POONA.

NEW AND OTHER BOOKS

RECEIVED ON SATURDAY BY THE STEAMER "MALTA."

Official Royal Monthly Army List for October		Rs.	1 8
——— ——— Navy List	do.	.....	2 4
Hart's ——— Army List	do.	.....	8 0
Bradshaw's Continental Railway Guide	do.	.....	2 12
The World of Fashion	do.	.....	1 0
The London and Paris Fashions	do.	.....	1 0
Le Follett	do.	.....	1 4
Exeter Hall (Sacred Mus. Mag.)	do.	.....	1 0
Hanover Square (Mus. Mag.)	do.	.....	1 0
Thackeray's Paris Sketch Book, &c.		.....	5 12
Dicken's Our Mutual Friend (author's ill. edn.)		.....	2 12
Illustrated London Almanac, 1869		.....	0 12
Aunt Louisa's Children's Toy Books		.....	0 12
Baldwin on Whist		.....	0 12
Ab—O"—Th' Yate in London		.....	0 12
Wolfe on Cataract		.....	1 14
The Second Mrs. Tillotson		.....	1 8
Children's Household Pets		.....	0 12
Watchers for the Dawn		.....	2 12
Holiday Adventures		.....	2 12
Vicar of Wakefield		.....	2 12
Pictures of Heroes		.....	2 12
Heath on Injuries, &c. of the Jaws		.....	9 0
Headless Horsemen		.....	1 8
Wrinkles; or, Hints to Sportsmen		.....	4 8
Foreyth's The Sporting Rifle, &c		.....	5 12
Book of Constitutions Grand Lodge of England		.....	2 0
——— ——— of Scotland		.....	1 8
Royal Arch Regulations for England		.....	2 12
——— ——— for Scotland		.....	4 0
Jackson's What to Observe		.....	8 0
Laurie's History of Freemasonry		.....	9 8
Wilcocks's Sea Fishermen		.....	9 8
Bower's Memoranda in Anatomy, &c		.....	2 12
What to Observe at the Bedside, &c		.....	3 0
Rigby's Memos. in Midwifery		.....	0 12
Geraid Estcourt. By F. Marryatt		.....	1 8
Percy Anecdotes, Vol. I		.....	2 12
Forty-five Guardsmen		.....	0 12

NEW PLAYS.—Der Freischutz. Dinorah under Difficulties. Master Jones's Birthday. Tom Thrasher.—Each 0 8

NEW FRENCH NOVELS.

Un Drame a Calcutta	1	0
La Route du Suicide	2	4
La Jeu de la Mort	2	4

NEW GERMAN NOVELS.

Hans von Schweinichen, 2 vols	2	8
Der Bockreiter	2	8
Liebeshandel	1	4
Schlossgartners Anna	1	4
Hochgeborn	4	0

PIANOFORTE MUSIC.

SONGS.

Day of Rest at Sea. Nelly Dunbar ..... Each	1	8
In the Depths of the Sea. My Name ..... Each	1	8
Our dear Old Church of England. Broken Down ..... Each	1	8
A long time ago. Love Nots. Her Bright Smile, &c ..... Each	1	8
Maggie's Secret	2	0
Santley's Songs (Chappell's Musical Magazine)	0	12

WALTZES.

Alpine Flowers, Rs. 1½; and Summer Bloom	2	0

GALOP.

Der Stormvogel	1	8

QUADRILLES.

Brigiton, and Tommy Dodd ..... Each	2	0

Bombay, 2nd Nov., 1868. CHESSON & WOODHALL.

FOR SALE.

DRESSING COMBS, real tortoise shell—Rs. 6 and 7½.
GENTLEMEN'S CARD CASES, Russia leather.—Rs 1½.
SWAN QUILLS.—Rs. 5 per bundle of 25.
Bombay, 2nd Nov., 1868. CHESSON & WOODHALL.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—I have this day established myself as Merchant and Commission Agent under the Firm of A. Blascheck & Co.
SUDWIG ADOLPHUS BLASCHECK.
Bombay, 1st November 1868.

NOTICE.—Sixteen Government Currency Notes for Rupees One Thousand each were stolen from the undersigned to-day, 31st of October 1868. The public are hereby cautioned against accepting any Note bearing any of the following Numbers: 45534, 45535, 45536, 45537, 45538, 45539, 45540, 45541, 45542, 45543, 45544, 45545, 45546, 45547, 45548, 45549.
MEGRAJ JAGUNATH.
મેગરાજ જગ્ગનાથ.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.
ESTABLISHED 1710.
The undersigned grant INSURANCE against loss by FIRE on BUILDINGS and their CONTENTS, in BOMBAY and in the MOFUSSIL at current rates; also on SHIPS in HARBOUR.
The rate on pucka-built BUNGALOWS in the SUBURBS of BOMBAY, and in the MOFUSSIL, has lately been reduced to three-eighths per cent per annum.
PEEL, CASSELS, & Co., Agents.

THE TRAVELLER'S COMPANION,
OR
"SINE QUA NON," TOURIST'S CASE,
contains in a space of
9 by 6 by 2½ inches
Blotting Book, Button Hook, Comb, Corkscrew, Envelopes, Hair Brush, Inkstand, Note Paper, Penknife, Piercer, Pair Razors, Scissors, Shaving Brush, Soap Case, Tooth Brushes.

THIS CAPITAL COMPANION,
commodious, compact, complete, comprehends in a small compass the
COMBINED CONVENIENCES OF
DESK AND DRESSING CASE.

	Cash. Rs. A.	Credit. Rs. A.
Turkey Morocco or { With double / Real Russia ..... { action lock	45 0	50 0

TREACHER & Co. (Limited).

CAUTION.—
SUIT No. 821 or 1868.
The Justices of the Peace for the City of Bombay ..... } Plaintiffs.
vs.
Mahadowrao Hurrichund Josey ..... Defendant.

With reference to the Advertisement which appeared in the *Times of India* of the 6th October, instant, and in other local Newspapers, that the Sheriff of Bombay would sell by Public Auction, on Thursday, the 5th day of November next, at 4 in the afternoon, the immoveable property of the abovenamed Defendant, we, the undersigned, Solicitors for the Mortgagees, Shunker Bappoo Bhutt and Chintoba Dadoba, hereby give notice as follows :—

That the said Shunker Bappoo Bhutt and Chintoba Dadoba are the Equitable Mortgagees of the said property for Rupees Four Thousand, and Interest thereon, for Moneys paid for and at the request of the above Mahadowrao Hurrichund before the attachment of the said property in the above Suit, and which said sum of Rupees Four Thousand, with Interest, is still due and owing by the said Mahadowrao Hurrichund to the said Shunker Bappoo Bhutt and Chintoba Dadoba, and of which claim notice has been given to the Sheriff of Bombay. Under these circumstances he who buys the said property after this notice will be liable to the said Shunker Bappoo Bhutt and Chintoba Dadoba for the above claim.

All that piece or parcel of land or Ground, with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying, and being on the north side of Cowasjee Patell's Tank Road without the Fort of Bombay, in the sub-district of Bhooleshwar, and bounded on or towards the east by a house No. 19 belonging to Wittoba Balsett, on or towards the west by a house No. 17 belonging to Sittabae, wife of Ramchunder Gunputtee, on or towards the south by a passage known as Cowasjee Patell's Tank Road, and on or towards the north by a passage or gully known as Carpenter Street, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 18.—Dated this 30th day of October 1868.

DALLAS & Co.,
Solicitors to Shunker Bappoo Bhutt and Chintoba Dadoba.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES.—On Wednesday, the 11th day of November 1868, at 3 P.M., Messrs. Heralall & Co will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by virtue of an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the 30th day of August 1867, by order of the Mortgagee, Bawa Peerally Bahlootjee, and on account and risk of the Mortgagors, Tatia bin Gunnoojee Soorvay and Wittoba bin Gunnojee Soorvay, all those pieces or parcels of Land or Fazendarees Ground, with the messuages, tenements or two dwelling-houses built thereon, situate, lying, and being without the Fort of Bombay, fronting on the south side of Bellasis Road, in the sub-district of Mazagon, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Nos. 76 and 77, and containing by admeasurement 40 feet 1 ng by 24 broad, and 40 feet long by 25 broad, respectively, or thereabouts, bounded on the east by the property of Luximon Matrajee Patell, on the west by a sweepers' passage, on the north by the house of Bhawana Gatee, on the south by the range of Mullaha.

AT 4 P.M.—LOT 2nd.

All that piece or parcel of Land or Fazendaree Ground, together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house built thereon, situate, lying, and being without the Fort of Bombay, fronting on the south side of Oomercary Pacady Row, in the sub-district of Bhooleshwar, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 63, containing by admeasurement 2.5 feet in free Whereof 71 feet is to say, on or towards the east by Hureeba Dhoobee, on or towards the west by the house of Mahadjee Bajee, on the north by public passage, on or towards the south by Oomercary Pacady cross lane.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned, at their Office, No. 6, Rampart Row, Fort.
HEERALALL & Co.
30th October 1868.

GREAT AMERICAN CIRCUS.
CROWDED HOUSES NIGHTLY
and
CONTINUED SUCCESS
of this
TALENTED COMPANY,
who are received each Evening with
BURSTS OF APPLAUSE
from delighted and enthusiastic audiences, who exclaim nightly,
"CAN SUCH THINGS BE?"
TUESDAY EVENING, 3rd NOVEMBER.
ANOTHER CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
New and Daring Acts of Horsemanship,
New Jokes, &c., &c.
First time of the New and Laughable After-piece, entitled,
THE SENTINAL AND BEAR,
In which the whole of the Company will appear.
Doors open at half-past Eight; commence at Nine.
PRICES OF ADMISSION.
First Class, Rs. 5 | Third Class Rs. 2
Second Class „ 3 | Fourth Class „ 1
First Class Seats may be secured at Messrs. Soundy & Company's, and at the Circus daily.
F. H. POLLOCK, Agent.

25 PER CENT DISCOUNT.
MR. J. NEUBERG having arranged to extend his business, offers the undermentioned Articles at a Discount of 25 per cent for Cash only.
FANCY GOODS—suitable for Christmas and New Year Gifts.
ALBUMS—large Quarto, very elegantly bound in Russia Leather.
LADIES' COMPANIONS, WORK BOXES, Dressing Cases, Portfolios, Cigar Cases, Portemonaes, &c., &c.
BOHEMIAN GLASS WARE, the finest collection in Bombay, only lately imported, ex "Sir John Lawrence," comprising—

Flower Vases.	Card Trays.
Bouquet-holders.	Butter Cups.
Jewel Cases.	Toilet Sets.
&c., &c.,	&c.

GOLD BEADINGS—for Picture Frames and Cornices of Walls, in great variety.
MUSICAL BOXES—lately Imported, playing from four to twelve Tunes. Several Boxes playing only Hindoostance airs.
WATCHES—best Geneva make, Gold, Silver and Gilt.
JET ORNAMENTS—viz., Watch Guards, Necklaces, Bracelets, Ear Rings, &c.
IMITATION JEWELLERY—Combs, Ear-rings, Bracelets, &c.
PENCIL CASES, by Mordan—Gold, Silver and Ivory.
OIL PAINTINGS AND OIL PRINTS—perfect work of Art.
EMBROIDERY—for Cushions, finished and half finished, most elegant designs.
PERFUMERY—comprising the latest Perfumes from E. Rimmell, London and Pever, Paris.
TOILETTE SOAP—superior quality, by W. Rieger, of London.
TOYS—the most extensive assortment lately Imported, ex "Cilminar," suitable for Children of any age.
CROQUET GAMES, Magic Lanterns, various in-door and out-door Games, Picture Books, Scientific Toys, Hand Looking Glasses, &c.
TABLE LINEN—English Damask Towels, Napkins, &c., from 4 feet square to 8 by 20 feet, Washing Towels, &c.
COUNTERPANES, for single and double Beds.
WALL PAPER—a New and Extensive Stock of about 4,000 Rolls, latest patterns and designs.
STENCIL PLATES—complete Alphabet and Numbers, from ½ inch to 3 inches.
J. NEUBERG

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO THE JUSTICES OF THE PEACE FOR THE CITY OF BOMBAY.—I hereby give Notice that an Adjourned Special General Meeting of the Justices of the Peace for the City of Bombay will be held in the Town Hall to-day, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon precisely, to consider the business left undisposed of at the Meeting held on Saturday the 31st October 1868.
F. STANGER LEATHES,
Acting Clerk to the Justices of the Peace for the City of Bombay.
Bombay, Town Hall, 2nd November 1868.

I, JAMES JOPP, Master of the Ship "Thorndean," will not be responsible for any Debts contracted in Bombay by my Crew.
JAMES JOPP.

OVERLAND CARGO.—The s. s. "MALTA" has brought the Cargoes of the following Vessels:—
s. s. "Iberian," from Liverpool ..... 20th Sept. (remainder of Cargo)
„ "Egyptian," from Liverpool ..... 27th Sept. (part Cargo)
„ "Bangalore," from Southampton 3rd Oct. „
„ "Pera," from Marseilles ..... 11th Oct. „
GEORGE F. HENRY,
Superintendent P. and O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 31st October 1868.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1868.

THE Saturday sitting of the Bench of Justices was entirely absorbed by a debate, conducted with great animation, and no lack of personalities, respecting Yeswantrao and the irregularities in the Tent Department. Mr. Nowrojee Furdonjee moved his resolutions in a speech full of point and humour, a speech that would not have done discredit to a higher assembly. The attendance of Justices was unusually large, reaching a hundred in the course of the sitting, and there was besides a closely packed audience of natives—plain proof, if proof were needed, that Yeswantrao is not beloved by his own people. Upon them, as indeed upon all, the indictment delivered with so much art by Mr. Nowrojee told with evident effect. There was something admirable in the imperturbable temper and dogged pertinacity of the speaker, which, together with the humour he extracted from the story, and the quickness and point with which he laughingly crushed any interruptor, that kept attention on the stretch for more than an hour. His commentaries on the papers, which will be found elsewhere, were keen and amusingly sarcastic, and his account of the sparring between himself and the Municipal Commissioner was delivered in the language and tone of a man who really felt himself aggrieved. Mr. Crawford's reply might have been in better taste, and he really had so fair a case, that he might, with great effect, have shown more magnanimity. He did not do justice either to himself or the case, and it would be easy to say more in his behalf than he said himself. Captain Hancock's good humoured strictures on Mr. Nowrojee were amusing, if not much to the point, but he undoubtedly took a view of the affair which is tenable from a hard business point of view. Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee was not happy in his defence of the Department, and, in saying that the motion was an insult to the Commissioner, he took a tone which besides being ineffective, savoured more of a placeman under a despotism than a Justice speaking to his peers and solicitous for the honour of the body to which he belonged. A native Justice who, as he does not like to see his name in newspapers, shall be gratified, added some facts, and a little unnecessary temper; and Mr. Gumpert made a few remarks to the point and characterized by his usual good sense. But how did it finish? The Bench voted down the proposal for a committee of inquiry, and adopted a resolution which most likely will end in smoke—referring the whole matter to a solicitor to institute inquiries on the basis of the facts already brought to light, and to prosecute if he see his way to a conviction.

We cannot but think this is a lame and impotent conclusion. Either too much or too little has been made of the scandal. If the allegations of Mr. Nowrojee Furdonjee and Mr. Sorabjee Shapoorjee can be sustained, then much more energetic and decisive measures should have been

which orders commanding officers at the end of every quarter to ascertain from the men whose periods of service will expire in the next three months if they will join the army of reserve.

[redacted]War Department order notifies that on the [redacted]mmendation of the Ordnance Select Com[redacted]e the 7-inch 7 ton muzzle-loading rifled [redacted] will in future be tapped with a hole similar [redacted]e friction tube pin hole in other guns, [redacted]h will be fitted with a preserving screw, [redacted]bject being that the head of the screw may [redacted]ate the position of the vent by the touch [redacted]g seige operations at night. The order also announces that a pattern wrought iron rifled muzzle-loading 7-inch 6½ ton gun, 10 ft. 6 in., has been sealed as a pattern of guns of this nature and construction to govern future manufacture.

The Duke of Cambridge has been making an inspection of the Plymouth district. He held a great review of the troops in garrison at Plymouth on the 7th October last.

General Taylor, the Inspector General of Artillery, has had a very severe attack of paralysis. It is very probable that he will be obliged to resign his appointment, in which case Colonel Gambier will be made Inspector General, and Colonel Wodehouse Assistant Adjutant General of Artillery.

Some of the Moncrieff gun-carriages will probably be sent out very soon to be dosted in the defences of Bombay and the Hooghly.

Lord Napier of Magdala will leave England by the mail of the 31st October. He is to take with him the Grand Cross of the Star of India, and bestow it on the Viceroy of Egypt. Great preparations are said to be being made for his reception at Cairo.

Lieutenant C. W. Robinson, of the Rifle Brigade, has been appointed one of the instructors in military history to the Cadet College at Sandhurst.

Sir Henry Rawlinson has taken his seat in the Council of India in place of Sir Proby Cautley.

A proposal has been made to make Bombay the seat of residence of the Governor General, and to appoint a Governor to Bengal and a Lieutenant Governor to the Bombay presidency.

Private Roberts, of the 51st Regiment, servant to Captain Farrington, has committed suicide at Aldersbott. He had been absent without leave, and feared confinement in the guard room.

The Duke of Edinburgh has rejoined the "Galatea" at Portsmouth, and again assumed command. He will probably sail about the 20th of this month to commence his two years' cruise, during which he will visit India. While His Royal Highness is in India Colonel Fraser, V.C., of the 11th Hussars, will probably be attached to his Staff.

The Duke of Edinburgh will sail in the "Galatea" from Portsmouth on the 20th October. He will go first to Madeira, and after touching there, will proceed to Fayal and the Ascension Islands. He will then pay another visit to the Cape of Good Hope, will sail up the Indian Ocean to the Mauritius, and will land at Port Louis. Thence he will proceed to Bombay, after a short visit there he will sail to Trincomalee and Madras, and thence to Calcutta to visit the Governor General. From Calcutta he will make a journey probably in great pomp through the Bengal Presidency. He will then go to Penang, Prince of Wales's Island, Singapore, and Hongkong. Thence the "Galatea" will sail to the Philippine Islands and to Japan. Thence to Sydney and New Zealand, and through the Pacific by Honolulu to Valparaiso, Peru, San Francisco, and California. He is expected to return home about August 1870.

A court martial which had sat for four days at Devonport on Captain Boys, the commander of the "Warrior," for having damaged and hazarded the "Warrior" and "Royal Oak," by causing the collision that took place between the two vessels on the night of the 14th August last, was brought to a close on the 5th October. The court found the charge not proved, and acquitted Captain Boys.

A telegram by the Atlantic cable announces that the United States have recognized the new Spanish Junta as a Government *de facto*. The Americans are already discussing the advisability of annexing. This has been foreseen in this country as a by no means improbable corollary of the Spanish revolution. If the Americans carry out their idea, and do annex Cuba, their action will not tend to make the already perturbed national feeling in this country at all more friendly towards them.

The railway from Moscow to Odessa will be open in May next. Another railway, to connect the East with the West, is also stated to have been arranged. For its construction the Turkish Government has granted a concession to an Anglo-Belgian Company, of which Count Zichy, an Austrian Privy Councillor, is the president. This line will run from Constantinople to Belgrade by Adrianople and Nissa in one direction. On the other side it will join Varna to Constantinople, and communicate with the projected line of the Lemberg and Cernowitz railway by Jassy and Sarsaw. By both of these lines Constantinople will be placed in direct steam communication with the capitals of the great European powers.

A Russian imperial order has also been issued granting to MM. Abaza and Gerstenberg permission to construct a railway between Charkoff and Krementschug. This will form another link of the communication between Moscow and the Sea of Azov.

The "Great Eastern" is at present at Sheerness shipping a cable which is to be laid in the spring between France and America.

The Crown Prince and Crown Princess of Prussia are expected to pay a short visit to England. They will arrive on the 20th October. Count Bismark has been ordered by his doctors to visit an English seaside place this winter. If he follows not the medical instructions he will pass the cold weather at Torquay.

Major-General Newton sails almost immediately to assume the command of a brigade at Malta in lieu of Major-General Sir W. T. Ridley, K.C.M.G. Captain Tremantle, of the Coldstream Guards, accompanies him as aide-de-camp.

It has been notified to officers of the army, G. O. 84, that the following campaigns will form the subject of examination for admission to the Staff College in July 1869:—1. Napoleon's Campaign of 1805 in Germany, with the battle of Austerlitz in detail; 2. Wellington's Campaign of 1812 in the Peninsula, with the battle of Salamanca, in detail. Candidates will be expected to have an accurate knowledge of the geography of the seat of war in both campaigns, with reference more especially to military operations, and to make a rough sketch of any portion that may be required. Officers will receive, on application to the Secretary of Military Education, a synopsis of studies pursued at the Staff College.

The Emperor of the French has decided that the pay of the non-commissioned officers and soldiers of all arms while on leave shall be fixed as follows:—Sergeants major 30 centimes a day, sergeants 20 centimes, corporals 10 centimes, and privates 5 centimes.

It will be remembered that Queen Isabella, who has just been driven from the throne of Spain, was established as Queen of that country mainly by an army of 30,000 men raised in England by Sir De Lacy Evans. This army, called the Spanish Legion, suffered severely from disease and battle, only about 5,000 returned to this country, and of these now only a few hundreds remain. They are now pensioners of the Spanish Government, and feared that recent incidents in the Peninsula might have had an injurious effect on the payment of their pensions. The Spanish agent, however, has stated that in the absence of any direct order to the contrary from the Provisional Government the money will be regularly paid when due.

It may at the present moment be interesting to know the following statistics of the military strength and finance of Spain, which are published in a Prussian paper. The Spanish army is at present composed of 41 regiments of infantry each of two battalions, 20 battalions of chasseurs, 11 regiments of veterans of three battalions forming the garrison of Ceuta, in all 68,577 men: also of 80 battalions of provincial national guards, giving an effective of 67·309 men, total 135,866 men. The cavalry consists of 18 regiments of the line, each 4 or 5 squadrons, and 2 squadrons of light horse, altogether 13,004 men. The artillery consists of 10 regiments and muster 12,927 men. There are 2 regiments of engineers, each of 2 battalions, which have 4,759 men. To these troops there must be added Royal Halberdiers, Gendarmerie, &c. In 1865 the entire strength of the Spanish army was estimated at 236,000 men; but there are, besides, numerous troops in the colonies. The term of military service is for the cavalry and artillery 7 years, for the infantry 8, of which 5 must be passed in the line and 3 in the provincial guard. Substitution by a money payment is permitted. The Spanish fleet comprised, in 1866, 6 armour plated frigates carrying 194 guns, 11 screw steamers carrying 469 guns, 3 paddle steamers bearing 12 guns, in all 100 vessels with an armament of between 1,000 and 1,200 pieces of ordnance, and manned by 15,000 sailors. The budget showed for 1866-7 receipts 2,684,540,000 reals (each = 25 centimes); expenditure 2,636,929,000 reals. To this must be added the extraordinary budget of from 500 to 600 million reals, the receipts shown in which are for the most part derived from sale of public property. At the close of 1866 the alienation of these demesnes have produced nearly 7,206 millions of reals. The public debt (exclusive of the floating portion, estimated at 1,600 millions) amounted in 1866 to 18,000 millions, upwards of 4 millions of francs.

THE CROPS IN THE PUNJAUB.

The latest weekly official reports from the Punjaub describe the state of the crops as growing from bad to worse. From three districts only (Mooltan, Bunnoo, and Peshawur) and the hill stations of Dalhousie and Murree are the reports favourable. From all the other districts they are as bad and as gloomy as they well can be. Everywhere the cry is for rain, which never comes.—*Pioneer, Oct.* 28.

CHANGES IN THE RELIEFS.

The following alterations in the relief of British and Native Troops for 1868-69 are ordered:—

Corps.	From.	To.
2-1st Foot	Nusseerabad.	To stand fast at Nusseerabad.
77th Foot	Nowshera ..	Agra, instead of Nusseerabad.
2nd Ben. Cavy.	Deolee	To stand fast at Deolee.
4th „	Bareilly	Ditto at Bareilly.
17th „	Barrackpore..	Seetapoor and Fyzabad (instead of Bareilly.)

JACOBABAD.

24TH OCTOBER.—The Poona Horse left this on the morning of the 22nd for Shikarpore *en route* to Kurrachee. At Shikarpore they will draw their pay and then proceed on to Larkhanah. For the few months that they were here they won the esteem of everybody.

Grain is becoming very dear and public employés will, no doubt, be entitled to compensation allowance. A severe famine is apprehended in Kutchee. Grain and provisions are already exhausted there, and I believe the Khan of Khelat has informed both the Commissioner in Sind and the Political Superintendent of the Frontier of the fact.

About one hundred Khorasanees have been sent here from the Punjaub, under escort, and will be sent as far as Khelat in the same way. From there they will be sent beyond the border under escort by the Khelat authorities. These people are a sort of gipsies, and have been dealing in gold and silver jewellery, precious stones, cloth, fancy shoes, and other things. They have a good deal of money and valuables with them, and have told the Political Superintendent that they will be robbed and murdered when they get beyond Khelat, as the tribes there are their mortal enemies. It is quite likely that Colonel Phayre will refer the matter to the Commissioner.—*Sindian, Oct.* 28.

CAPTAIN SLADEN.

We learn from the "Rangoon Times" of the 21st ultimo that Captain Sladen has returned to Mandalay and assumed the post of Resident. The successful issue of Captain Sladen's expedition is stated to have caused great excitement in Mandalay. The King said that the English captain had done what none of the royal officials had ever been able to accomplish. The Burmese traders look upon Captain Sladen as being under the special protection of the good nats, for they knew well all the conflicting interests and intrigues which were arrayed against him, and they cannot sufficiently express their wonder that he has overcome them. It is stated that his health requires change.

The Revd. Mr. Marks, a Rangoon Missionary, had arrived in Mandalay with five of his pupils. The King had received him very honourably at a public audience, and at once had promised to build at the royal expense a Christian Church and an S. P. G. School for 1000 Burmese boys. He presented nine of his own sons to the Missionary for education in English learning. The King refused all other contributions towards the erection of Church or School. He entertained Mr. Marks and his pupils to a sumptuous breakfast in the palace and presented two silk putsoes to each of the boys.

The markets at Mandalay were showing signs of improvement. A report says:—"Since the resumption of business after the Lent holidays, we have had more doing, and our quotations will show an improvement in values."

THE CLAIMS OF BOMBAY TO BE THE CAPITAL.

The following letter, addressed by "A Former Governor-General's Private Secretary" to the *Pall Mall Gazette*, will be read with interest:—

SIR,—I have read with deep interest the able letters recently published in your columns advocating or opposing a change in the seat of the Supreme Government of India. It has seemed strange to me, and doubtless to many others, that throughout this discussion the paramount claims of Bombay to the capital site should hitherto have escaped attention; but since they have been overlooked it may be well that they should briefly be enumerated for the benefit of the reading public. They are as follows:—First, proximity to England; secondly, proximity to Poona and the hills; thirdly, direct rail communication with every part of India; fourthly, a comparatively healthy climate; fifthly, a non-official or commercial element daily increasing in wealth and numbers; sixthly, the best conducted native and English press in India. These six conditions appear to me to embrace every other essential.

It strikes me that your correspondents, in advocating the propriety of governors-general, governors, and lieutenant-governors, remaining in the plains, overlook the fact that these high functionaries are unable (like their subordinates) to lay down their offices for a while, leaving the next in command to officiate while they take a month or six weeks' privilege leave to the hills to recruit their strength or energies. "L'etat c'estmoi" is essentially true in their case; and with the inability of discarding for a time the temporary purple wherewith they are clothed, there arises the necessity of an occasional flitting of the State to the hills, if only as an insurance against a much worse evil—that of an administration changing hands more frequently than is now the case in India, and that, perhaps, just as the slackened reins have been gathered up into one man's grasp, and when both team and driver have arrived at a satisfactory understanding with each other.

If any change is to be made in the residence of the Governor-General—and I am not at all sure that the present system of Calcutta in the cold, and Simla in the hot weather, with marches to and fro, embracing the North-West, Oude, Punjaub, and may be Rajpootana and Central India, is capable of much improvement—if, I say, a change is to be made, the following is what common sense and a knowledge of the subject would dictate:—A viceroy resident at Bombay and travelling as desired; a governor of Bengal (in lieu of a lieutenant-governor); a lieutenant-governor of Bombay (in lieu of a governor). The cost of the execution of this scheme would be little more than the travelling expenses of the various officials changing places, and cannot be compared to that of sitting down to build a capital of India. Moreover, if the result should *not* prove satisfactory, would it be too late hereafter to adopt the more expensive plan?

Then, I say, let Lord Mayo simply stop at Bombay; let Sir Seymour Fitzgerald move on to Bengal (if he was fit to govern the one he will be equal to the task of ruling the other presidency); and, finally, transfer the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to Bombay.—I remain, Sir, &c.

A FORMER GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S PRIVATE SECRETARY.

COUNT BISMARCK (says a letter from Berlin) is not yet well enough to visit an English watering-place. Since his fall from his horse he has been obliged to pass the greater part of the day in a recumbent position. The irritability of the nerves is said to have brought on permanent pain in the muscles.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

[PER REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, 28TH OCT, AFTERNOON.

In the Liverpool Cotton Market to-day prices were held firmly.

Fair Dhollera to arrive 8¼d.

The sum of £209,000 was withdrawn from the Bank of England to-day.

The following ships have arrived from Bombay:—

"Wimbledon," "Lottie Warren," "Kiromer Hartfell," "Catherine Rankin," and "W. Kidston."

LONDON, 29TH OCT., AFTERNOON.

Prices of Cotton at Liverpool continue to be held firmly.

Fair Dhollera 8¼d.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending 29th Oct. show the following changes:—

Reserve of notes £9,375,000.

Bills discounted £15,875,000; unchanged.

Cash ..... £19,875,000, Dec. £125,000.

LONDON, 30TH OCTOBER.

Mr. Massey, in his speech to the Electors of Liverpool, confined himself exclusively to Indian affairs. He defended the policy of annexation, and pointed out the importance to India of railways, irrigation, and the cultivation of cotton.

The prospectus of a new Spanish loan of 25,000,000 reals has been issued.

The Governments of Holland and Italy have recognised the Spanish Revolution.

[BY INDIAN TELEGRAPH.]

CALCUTTA, 30TH OCT., 3-28 P.M.

Govt. Paper, { Fours 54. / Fives 82. / Fives and a half, 133.

Exchange, six months' sight, 1s. 11⅛d.

Freights, Dead Weight, Rice, £1 12s. 6d.

Jute and Linseed, £5 2s. 6d.

Shirtings Rs. 4-14 to Rs. 4-15.

Madapollams, Rs. 2-7.

Mule Twist, 5 annas 4 pies.

Market for piece-goods, dull.

Market for twist, quiet.

BOMBAY.

The Legislative Council will meet in the Durbar Room, Town Hall, to-morrow at midday.

The October vacation of the Small Cause Court terminated on Saturday last, and the Court will resume its sittings to-day.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer "Sultan," Captain Dundas, sailed yesterday to China with 54 chests of Malwa opium and 2,081 bales of cotton.

The following passengers arrived yesterday per ship "Solway," Captain Richards, from Calcutta:—Mrs. Richards, Mrs. Tucker, Miss Harwood, and Mr. J. C. Baynton.

The following additional passengers sailed on Saturday last per P. & O. Co.'s steamer "Sumatra," Captain Dundas, to Aden and Suez:—

For Southampton—Dr. and Mrs. Doyle and four children.

There will be only three entertainments at the Circus this week—namely, on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday. The performances last Saturday night were witnessed by a large assemblage of people.

Dr. Lumsdaine held an inquest on Friday last at Chinchpoogly concerning the death of Gunga, woman. The deceased, it appeared, went to a quarry hole to wash her clothes and accidentally tumbled over and was drowned. The jury recorded a verdict of accidental death by drowning.

The following passengers arrived on Saturday per steamer "Kurrachee," Captain Lang, from Kurrachee:—Rev. J. Sheldon, Dr. and Mrs. Doyle and four children, Mr. Sandoupe, Bishop Meurin, Rev. Wappirr, Mr. and Mrs. Bedford, and Mr. Mughair.

His Lordship, the R. C. Bishop of Bombay, returned from Hydrabad and Kotree yesterday morning (Oct. 27). Last evening he presided at a meeting of a select committee with reference to the construction of a new church in Kurrachee, and then at the third conference of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul. His Lordship takes his departure for Bombay to-day.—*Sindian, Oct.* 28.

The following additional cases of cholera were reported to the Coroner on Friday last:—1, Camatee poora, recovering; 1, Grant Road, recovering; 1, Sewree, recovering; 1, Chinch Bunder 3rd Street, died; 1, Trimbuck Purshotum Street, recovering; 1, Trinity Chapel Street, sent to hospital; 1, Fort, died. Up to Saturday forenoon the following further cases were reported:—1, Funuswady, recovering; 2, Carnac Bunder, recovering,

The Loss of the Ship "Langdale."—We cut from a London paper the following report of Captain Joseph Browne, of the ship "Langdale," of Liverpool, 832 tons, for Bombay with iron and coal:—"Sept. 17, at 1-30 A.M. weather moderate, clear, wind E., light, ship was lying alongside the quay, partly laden, ready to receive the remainder of the cargo; that on the previous day (16th) I proceeded to Swansea for the purpose of shipping the remainder of the crew, and whilst so doing I received a telegraphic message from Porthcawl, apprising me that my ship (the 'Langdale') was on fire, and urging me immediately to return to Porthcawl, which I did by the next following train, when I found the vessel had been burnt to the water's edge, scuttled, and had become a complete wreck; sunk in 25 feet water. I have instituted inquiries as to the origin of the fire, but up to the present date have been unable to obtain any reliable information relating thereto. Every exertion was made to subdue the fire, but without effect."

CONCERT BY THE P. & O. COMPANY'S AMATEUR CLUB.

We have already had occasion to notice the excellent representations of this Club, which was started about two months ago by some of the engineers engaged in the Mazagon works, with the commendable object of affording amusement to the employés of the Company. Their first performance was held in a small room—and we are glad to see that Captain Henry, who gives the Club every encouragement, has granted the use of a larger hall. On Friday night the Club gave another musical entertainment in the Mechanics' bungalow, and the attendance showed that their efforts to amuse their friends are highly appreciated, for the hall was crowded, as well as the vestibule and the front verandah. The entertainment consisted of a miscellaneous concert, and a burlesque, and there was less of the nigger element than on the occasions of their former appearances. Most of the songs were remarkably well sung, and Mr. Harris's comic songs were given in such a genuine comic style as to bring down thunders of applause and persistent cries for his re-appearance. The serio-comic style of Mr. McCulloch, too, was highly amusing. In our notice of their former performances we mentioned the clever dancing of some of the members; on Friday night a nigger break-down by Mr. Booth and an Irish jig by Mr. Briggs sustained the reputation of these members as excellent dancers. A solo performance on the cornet by Mr. McGregor deserves special mention: after playing a few airs without a faulty note, he was recalled before the curtain and played the "Marseillaise" in a masterly manner. The latter part of the entertainment was a burlesque called "The Manager in a Fix," to which a neat short prologue had been written by Mr. McCulloch, by whom, aided by Mr. Briggs and some of the other members, the piece had been composed. The members of the Club had also themselves painted some little bits of scenery, which, though of course but rough productions, reflected great credit upon the application and ability of the amateurs. In the burlesque Mr. Briggs took the part of *Applicant*, and Mr. Harris that of *Manager*, and the representation, which was highly amusing, showed that these gentlemen are possessed of some ability for that style of performance. The amateurs are now about to commence practise for a Christmas theatrical entertainment. We congratulate the amateurs on their excellent performances, and we also congratulate the employés of the P. & O. Company on their good fortune in having amongst themselves those who are able and willing to afford such excellent occasional evening entertainments.

Supposed Loss of an East India Trader.—The ship "French Empire," from Bombay, reports that on the 20th of July, off the Cape of Good Hope, she passed a large quantity of wreckage, apparently that of a well found East India trader, as the cabin doors and fittings were of a very superior style; and a quantity of other fittings not described, except a red flag, with the letter L in the centre, was seen floating about. The "French Empire" had on the previous day, 19th July, experienced a very heavy gale from the S. S. W.—*Globe, Oct.* 9.

A Tragical Fragment.—A Melbourne letter says—"An old woman, named Helen M'Dougal, was accidentally burned to death a day or two ago at Singleton, Sydney. It was a shocking termination of a miserable career. This woman was sent out to the colony many years ago, having been the paramour of the notorious Burke, the murderer at Edinburgh, and was supposed to be cognisant of the series of atrocious murders committed by him in conjunction with Hare."

BOMBAY BENCH OF JUSTICES.

On Saturday afternoon a special general meeting of the Justices of the Peace was held in the Dunbar Room to consider the budget of the Municipal Commissioner for the year commencing 1st January next. Several notices of motion were on the paper, and a motion by Mr. Nowrojee Furdoonjee, regarding the conduct of Yeshwantrao Bulwunt, general inspector, and Tamooljee, the shroff, which was the first on the list, occupied the Bench during the entire sitting from two o'clock till a quarter to six; the budget merely being formally laid on the table, and the meeting adjourned till Monday (to-day) at 2 o'clock. There was an unusually large attendance of Justices, one hundred being present, and the chair was occupied by Mr. Bayley, chairman of the Bench. The newly-commissioned Justices turned out well, and the public interest taken in the proceedings was manifested by an attendance of the general public so large as to block up the passages. The greater number of the Native Justices sat together on the south side of the table, the only European on that side being Mr. Robert Knight. After a long, and at times acrimonious discussion, an amendment, proposed by Mr. Sorabjee Shapoorjee Bengalee, and seconded by Mr. A. C. Gumpert, that the solicitor of the Bench should be instructed to undertake the prosecution of Yeshwantrao Bulwunt, Tamooljee Shroff, Manockjee Jamasjee, and other persons who in his opinion can be successfully prosecuted, was carried by a large majority. A full report of the discussion will appear in to-morrow's issue.

THE FORT CHRISTIAN SCHOOL FUND.

We print below the correspondence on this subject sent with the letter from Mr. Arthur Crawford and the Hon'ble L. H. Bayley, which we published in our issue of Saturday:—

Ecclesiastical Department.

Bombay Castle, 12th October 1868.

Resolution of Government in the Public Works Department, No. 2303 dated 1st October 1868.

Communicating copy of a letter from the Government of India, stating that the trustees of St. Thomas' Cathedral should look to private subscriptions to relieve themselves of the liabilities incurred on account of the Cathedral improvements.

Resolution—Copy of Secretary Colonel Dickens' letter, No. 587E, dated 19th September, to be communicated to the trustees of St. Thomas' Cathedral.

John Macdonald, Major,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

From Government of India, P.W.D., to the Secretary to the Government of Bombay P. W. D.

Simla, 19th September, 1868.

Sir,—Your letter, No. 583 C. W. 2013, dated 28th August last, having been laid before the Governor General in Council, I am directed to state in reply that His Excellency in Council regrets his inability to accede to the wishes of the Government of Bombay in the matter. The trustees of St. Thomas' Cathedral should look to private subscriptions to relieve themselves of the liabilities incurred on account of the Cathedral improvements, towards which the State has already contributed very largely in excess of the sum realized from private contribution.—I have the honour to be, &c.,

C. H. Dickens, Col. R.A.,
Secretary to the Government of India.

To the Secretary to Government, Ecclesiastical Department.

Sir,—We, the undersigned, trustees of the Cathedral beg that you will lay before Government the following statement with reference to recent newspapers and correspondence.

In the various letters* we have from time to time, since the 10th April 1867, brought to the notice of Government how the extensive restoration works of the Cathedral were commenced by our predecessors in 1864, with the concurrence of Government, under an arrangement that Government should always contribute sums equal to those received from private subscriptions, how we learnt on the eve of the departure of the late Senior Chaplain (the Reverend W. K. Fletcher) who had from the first retained the general superintendence of the works in his hands, that the aggregate liabilities of the Cathedral amounted to nearly Rs. 33,000, of which only Rs. 14,479 was then due by Government: how we were being daily dunned on all sides, two of our body being actually cited in the Small Cause Court; legal proceedings in the High Court being threatened from other quarters; how our position was one disgraceful to the Protestant Church, and how we naturally looked to Government to relieve us from it.

Two months after we learnt the extent of liabilities of the Cathedral, we became aware by a memorandum written by the late Reverend W. K. Fletcher, on the day before his departure, (but not circulated to us till 14th June 1867) that he, in conjunction with the Reverend J. Spring, held a large sum of money, the proceeds of five Mazagon Company's shares, which had been presented to him, in November 1864, by a native gentleman towards the erection of schools connected with the Cathedral. When we obtained no relief from Government, and proceedings against the Cathedral were imminent, we found it necessary to appeal to the public for funds for the payment of the debts of the Cathedral, for we naturally consider that the first duty was to pay off debts which threatened to bring so great a scandal on the Church.

The only documents before us were—

1st—A demi-official note from the Reverend W. K. Fletcher to the Reverend Mr. Spring, dated 21st November 1864.

2nd—The memorandum from Mr. Fletcher, dated 19th April 1867. Copy appended B.

We did not think from these documents that any trust had been created, and we were fortified in this opinion by the Advocate General, one of our body.

We, however, communicated with the donor of the five shares, who stated that he presented them for the purpose of "erecting a school in conjunction with the Cathedral," (Copy appended C.)—at the same time he objected to the money realized being expended on any new building unless it sufficed to complete the design, and authorized us to expend the money, if needful, on the restoration of the Cathedral. We found that although Government had granted a site on the Esplanade, and a considerable sum of money (without our being consulted) had been spent on foundations, that the design for the building had not yet been approved by Government, and that to carry it out at least 1½ lacs were necessary, while the aforesaid funds amounted to Rs. 42,000 only. Believing, Arthur Crawford, Esq., G. M. Stewart, Esq., Reverend C. T. Wilson, the Honorable L. H. Bayley, and Captain Finch, R. E.; and we beg to append copies of all the minutes on the subject.

The total sum paid from the so-called Cathedral School Fund was Rs. 32,551, of which we shortly afterward replaced Rs. 14,479 received from Government, leaving the 18,072-8 nett payments. We beg further to state that to the knowledge of the trustees no school society or person connected with any school has ever laid any claim to these monies or taken any steps with respect to them, that although the payments referred to were made in August 1867, no remonstrance had ever reached the trustees up to the time of the appearance of "J. C.'s" letter in the daily papers.

In the recent controversy, certain letters have been brought forward which raised a doubt in our minds as to whether we may not have been mistaken in the first instance. If so, then the Cathedral is indebted to the Cathedral School Fund in the sum of Rs. 18,072-2, but we, the trustees, are without funds to discharge the debt, and can only reiterate our oft-repeated prayer for Government assistance to pay debts incurred by our predecessors. When the whole sum is replaced, we shall still be in uncertainty as to how the money is to be expended, and on this point we solicit the instructions of Government.

We shall be happy to supply any further information Government may wish to have before it.

F. J. Spring.
A. T. Crawford.
C. T. Wilson.
G. M. Stewart.
L. H. Bayley.

*

My dear Spring,—I shall not be able to attend the S. P. C. K. meeting this morning, I am sorry to say. Will you, on my behalf, communicate to the meeting that one who does "not wish his left hand to know what his right is doing" has presented five shares in the Mazagon Reclamation Company for the purpose of building school houses on the Esplanade, for schools conducted by the captains of the Cathedral. The shares are in my name, and the proceeds will be added to the amount already in hand for the same object, to which the S. P. C. K. has already so liberally contributed.—Yours sincerely, W. K. Fletcher.

Cathedral School.

Some years ago the Christian Knowledge Society made a grant for the establishment of schools in this Diocese. The Bombay committee appointed Mr. Spring, myself, and Mr. C. Pace to establish two schools in the Fort; very great difficulties were encountered at finding quarters at a reasonable rate in which to locate a school in the Fort. At length a girls' school was opened in Rampart Row, to which subsequently a boys' was added; they were both for day scholars, were taught on the principles of the Church of England, and were called the Fort Christian Schools. The Government, on application, made a grant towards the erection of buildings of Rs. 7,000, to which Rs. 5,000 were added by the C. K. S. on condition that this sum should be raised to an equal sum with the grant of Government. Rs. 12,000 were at once available and were deposited with Messrs. Remington & Co. Soon after this the rents within the Fort of Bombay become so extravagant, that it became impossible to hire any suitable house for the schools. They were consequently moved into tents on the Esplanade. This of course unsettled the schools, and gradually the boys' school was obliged to be broken up. About this time 5 Mazagon shares were presented to me by Premchund Roychund, which I told him I should appropriate towards the erection of a girls' school. The money they realized is now deposited in the Bank of Bombay in the joint names of Mr. Spring and myself.

Application was made to Government for the grant of a site on the Esplanade on which to build a school house for boys and girls, to be called the Cathedral schools. A site was accordingly granted, plans were called for from Messrs. Paris and Molicey, and generally approved by the trustees of the Cathedral, in whom it was proposed to vest the land. A contract for putting in the foundations was entered into, and the work completed at an expenditure of about Rs. 8,000 or Rs. 9,000. Immediately before the contract was entered into Miss Prescott, who at that time superintended the school, proceeded to England chiefly with the view of obtaining funds towards the erection of school houses. From want of more detailed information about the schools, than it was possible to supply, her efforts were only partially successful. The money she obtained in England has been deposited by her at interest for the benefit of the schools. The proposed plan for the school when shown to friends in England was approved of, and it became necessary to suspend the work until it could be ascertained what improvements could be made in the plans. Miss Prescott returned from England in July last, and reopened the schools in tents on the Esplanade, of course on the self-same principles on which it had previously been conducted. This lady came out in the first instance without any expense to the schools or any society, returned to England with very little assistance, came back again at her own expense, and to this day has never received any salary for her self-denying labours except the fees of the children. Since her return, the precarious state of my health has not permitted me to submit, for the consideration of the trustees, any proposition for the continuance of the building for the Cathedral Schools.

The draught of the trust-deed proposed at the instance of Government, is herewith circulated, the plans and all the correspondence connected to these schools are also appended to this minute. Miss Prescott is prepared to point out the improvements required for the girls' school whenever the trustees may agree to proceed with the work.

It is, I think, extremely important for the Cathedral Church, that the boys' schools should be one at which the chorister boys might receive an education, as well generally as in sacred music. For this purpose it will be necessary to consider whether there should be provision made for boarding the chorister boys in the house of the school master. Into the discussion on this subject, however, it is impossible that I should now enter, but I purpose, should my health be restored, as fully as I can, to submit the proposal on this subject to the trustees from England.

The receipt for the deposit of Rs. 42,994-14-11 is herewith enclosed, addressed to the Rev. F. J. Spring.

W. K. Fletcher,
April 19th, 1867. Senior Chaplain.

Ecclesiastical Department.

Bombay Castle, 11th April, 1868.

From Secretary Colonel W. F. Marriott, to the Trustees of St. Thomas' Cathedral.

Gentlemen,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated 29th May last, on the subject of the responsibility of the present trustees for the Cathedral debts, and praying that the debt incurred for the Cathedral improvements may be paid by Government.

In reply I am desired to inform you, that His Excellency in Council does not admit that because, as stated in paras. 2nd and 3rd of your letter, His Excellency Sir Bartle Frere presided at a ceremony at which certain observations were made on the cost of the works, therefore the trustees undertook these expensive works without sufficient funds with the full knowledge of Government.

It yet sufficiently appears that the existing trustees, with the exception of Mr. Spring, were not in any way responsible for the expenditure. His Excellency in Council will therefore submit the correspondence to the Government of India for favourable consideration, and will recommend that the debt incurred by the trustees for improvements to the Cathedral be reimbursed by Government.—I have the honour to be, &c.

To the Secretary to Government, Ecclesiastical Department.

Sir,—We have the honour to acknowledge your letter No. 74 of 11th May 1868.

To prove that the present trustees inherited the Cathedral debts from their predecessors and are not individually responsible for any portion of them, it might perhaps be sufficient to refer to page 7 of the accompanying printed pamphlet, describing the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of the restoration works.

It will be seen that the Lord Bishop laid the foundation stone, and that His Excellency the Governor of Bombay was present, and spoke on the occasion after the Rev. W. K. Fletcher had made a statement to the assembly, wherein he distinctly explained that the works about to be commenced were estimated to cost Rs. 1,20,000; but that the funds in hand would not suffice by Rs. 33,859.

It is plain from the above that the then trustees, with the full knowledge of Government, undertook these expensive works without sufficient funds to pay for them, in the expectation that the deficit would afterwards be supplied by private subscription to such an extent as with the promised assistance of Government would suffice to complete the restorations.

Their expectations were not realized: indebtedness followed as a matter of course; and to this state of things we succeeded.

The following gentlemen were trustees when these works were commenced.

Ex-officio Trustees.

The Rev. W. K. Fletcher.
The Rev. F. J. Spring.

Elected Trustees.

The Hon'ble W. E. Frere,—Member of Council.
" " A. Lewis,—Advocate General.
" " F. F. Lidderdale, Esq.
Lieut.-Col. Dunsterville.

With reference, therefore, to paras. 5 and 6 of your letter we beg distinctly to state that, with the exception of the cost of certain marble columns (about which explanation is given below), all the liabilities were incurred before 1865, and at a time when only one of the existing trustees, the Rev. Mr. Spring, was in office.

We have accordingly been advised that we were in no way legally liable individually or collectively for the debts of the Cathedral.

With reference to para. 4 of your letter under reply, we beg to say that, although the trustees from 1864 allowed the late Mr. Fletcher to superintend the works generally, they never at any time authorized him to incur liabilities without their written consent. On the contrary, the minute book shows that the trustees' consent to all expenditure was, or ought to have been, asked for and obtained. Nevertheless, the late Mr. Fletcher did incur liabilities without authority, and the following is a notable instance of his having done so.

The architects proposed to import marble shafts and columns to be used in the interior of the apse. The trustees considered this proposal at a meeting on 7th December 1866, and resolved that the architects should furnish full particulars and estimates, and especially state what would be the extra cost for these shafts.

The architects' report was never laid before the trustees, who were not again consulted, but on the 12th December 1865 Mr. Fletcher ordered the marbles, which cost upwards of Rs. 10,000.

The cost of these marbles and the architects' commission (7,096 rupees) for all the work performed make up the principal bill for Rs. 17,657-13-11, due when Mr. Fletcher left Bombay—the nett deficit on that date, deducting the Government contribution, being 18,521 rupees, and the amount taken to pay it from the School Funds Rs. 18,072.

The Cathedral account with Messrs. Remington & Co. had previously been overdrawn by the Rev. Mr. Fletcher to the extent of Rs. 14,424-17-7, on the distinct understanding that it was an advance against the promised Government contribution.

We trust we have shown to the satisfaction of Government that we are not individually responsible for any of the debts of the Cathedral, and that, popularly speaking, but not legally, we inherited them from our predecessors on our election to be trustees—and we pray that on this ground an appeal may be made to the Government of India.—We have the honour to be, &c.,

F. J. Spring.
A. T. Crawford.
G. M. Stewart.
T. C. Wilson.
L. H. Bayley.

29th May 1868.

Ecclesiastical Department.

Bombay Castle, 24th July, 1868.

From Secretary Colonel W. F. Marriott, to the Trustees of St. Thomas' Cathedral.

Gentlemen,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated 29th May last, on the subject of the responsibility of the present trustees for the Cathedral debts, and praying that the debt incurred for the Cathedral improvements may be paid by Government.

In reply I am desired to inform you, that His Excellency in Council does not admit that because, as stated in paras. 2nd and 3rd of your letter, His Excellency Sir Bartle Frere presided at a ceremony at which certain observations were made on the cost of the works, therefore the trustees undertook these expensive works without sufficient funds with the full knowledge of Government.

It yet sufficiently appears that the existing trustees, with the exception of Mr. Spring, were not in any way responsible for the expenditure. His Excellency in Council will therefore submit the correspondence to the Government of India for favourable consideration, and will recommend that the debt incurred by the trustees for improvements to the Cathedral be reimbursed by Government.—I have the honour to be, &c.

*
9th May 1867 to yourself.
23rd ditto to Secretary Public Works Department.
31st ditto to ditto.
10th July to yourself.

JOUDHPORE.

21ST OCTOBER.—His Highness the Maharajah has appointed Mehta Bijeising the Dewan of Marwar. The appointment has given much satisfaction, as the Mehta was always looked upon as a faithful and hard working servant of the State. During this period of famine the Dewan will, however, find it difficult to properly administer the State; and unless the entire control of the State Treasury is placed at his disposal, all his ingenuity and ability will be of no avail in balancing the expenditure with the income.

The Political Agent is expected here to-morrow. He remained at Pallee for some days.

No rain: the weather during the day is very warm. There is a perfect famine in Marwar. Men, women and children are begging at each others' doors for food. Everything is gloomy.—*Pioneer.*

FORMATION OF A VOLUNTEER CORPS IN BANGALORE.

A public meeting was held at Bangalore on the 26th October for the purpose of taking into consideration the steps to be adopted in order to raise a local Volunteer Corps.

4. The amount collected in 1867 was—

Taxes	Rs.	1,14,108	8 0
Fees	,,	448	0 0
Total Rupees		1,14,556	8 0

And in 1868 up to 12th September last—

Taxes	Rs.	+73,888	8 0
Fees	,,	494	0 0
Sale of Vehicles	,,	737	0 0
Total	Rs.	75,119	8 0

5. The total amount paid into this office during the year 1867 was as follows :—

Taxes	Rs.	89,389	0 0
Fees	,,	356	0 0
	Rs.	89,745	0 0

In 1868 the payments were as follows :—

14th January	Rs.	22,000	0 0
17th ,,	,,	5,000	0 0
25th ,,	,,	7,000	0 0
28th ,,	,,	8,283	0 0
30th June	,,	30,000	0 0
31st August	,,	10,000	0 0
12th September	,,	35,200	0 0
19th ,,			
	Rs.	1,19,483	0 0

Deduct—

Transferred to Imperial Land Tax	Rs.	19,472	0 0
Remaining to credit of General Inspector, transferable to Halalcore Cess	,,	80	0 0
		19,552	0 0
Balance	Rs.	99,931	0 0
Add payments in 1867	,,	89,745	0 0
	Rs.	1,89,676	0 0

which agrees with the total collections, viz.—

	Rs.	a.	p.
In 1867	1,14,556	8	0
In 1868	75,119	8	0
	Rs. 1,89,676	0	0

There has, therefore, been no loss.

7. The payments enumerated above in 1868, with two exceptions, were in the shape of "Deposits," awaiting the receipt of details of collections before adjustment. These were repeatedly called for, and in reply to the last call I received the accompanying letter from the general inspector, on the 26th ultimo, under the circumstances stated, in which the account has, on final examination, been adjusted as follows :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
	16	0	0
For 1866	18,412	8	0
For 1867	80,179	8	0
For 1868	586	0	0
Fees	737	0	0
Sale of carts			
	Rs. 99,931	0	0

8. A comparison of the monthly collections with the dates of payment into this office shows that in several instances there was a long interval between one and the other, and that thereby large sums remained in possession of the shroff. This fully confirms our suspicions.

9. As you have personally made all requisite inquiries to enable you to form a judgment of the case, it is unnecessary for me to add anything further on the subject.—I have the honour to be, Sir, your most obedient servant,

W. MAIDMENT,
Controller Municipal Accounts.

10th October 1868.

No. 18 of 1868.

The Controller of Municipal Accounts.

SIR—In reply to your Memorandum No. 1204, dated 21st instant, I have the honour to inform you, that in the absence of the Tent Collection books, which have been made over to you by order of the Municipal Commissioner, and as the Tent Collection clerk has not furnished any detailed statements of the collections in the present year, I am unable to render a correct account of the nature you require.

As the books have been examined by you the result will show for what years the collections have been made. I therefore beg that you will apportion the payments accordingly, and as it is possible there may be some error in the intimations already sent to you, I further beg that you will kindly inform me how the account stands up to the date on which the books were placed in your possession.—I have the honour to be, Sir, your most obedient servant,

YESHWANTROW BULWANT,
General Inspector.

Bombay, 26th September 1868.

To the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

REPORT OF YESHWANTROW BULWANT, GENERAL INSPECTOR.

Agreeably to the Commissioner's order, No. of the 12th September 1868, I instructed the Tent clerk to send the account books to the Controller of Municipal Accounts for examination as required. He having not done so I went to the Tent office on Sunday, the 13th idem, in the morning, and found, on inquiry, that Manockjee was at his house. I repaired thither, and returning with him to the Tent office directed him to take out the books. He then informed me that two months' work was in arrears, which he would finish that day and take the books to the office on the day following. Suspecting that there must be something wrong I said, "You may close your accounts in the Controller's presence hereafter, but you must make over the books to him to-day." For a long time he protested. At last I ordered a Tent peon to count the books, put them in a box, and make it over to the Controller according to the Commissioner's order. On this Manockjee said, "I would not allow the books to be removed ; nor have I any reason to obey you in this matter. I would not allow even the Commissioner to take them away." On being asked the reason of this he said, "Mr. Nowrojee have instructed me not to give the books to any one, and accordingly I object to their removal." Police Subedar Dajee then came in at Manockjee's request. Being informed of everything he said, "I see no reason why I should detain the box." After this, with the help of Police Peon No. 100, I locked the box and sent it to the Controller's office. The key was then sent to the Commissioner, and this officer was personally reported. Yesterday, being Sunday, no written report was sent, which I beg now to do.

(True Translation.)

A. T. CRAWFORD.

To the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

REPORT OF YESHWANTROW BULWANT, GENERAL INSPECTOR.

To-day the Commissioner having personally called upon me to explain why no regular statements were sent to the Controller's office for collections made during the year 1867-68, although the same were paid into his office to the Deposit Account, I beg to submit the following explanation :—

I have been in charge of the Tent office for the last two years and a half. If the Commissioner will compare the books for former years with those for the years I have been in office, and contrast the recoveries in both periods, he will plainly see how much the Municipality has been profitted by my administration. I have already acquainted the Commissioner with the fraud that was going on in former days, and the means I took to prevent it. I don't know if my taking steps to prevent the fraud has offended any of the old servants in the establishment. The correspondence and account books in the Tent office were kept by Manockjee.

The books were compared by me, and in my absence either by one of the superintendents or the Assistant Commissioner himself.

All the Tent collections were sent to the shroff. Manockjee used to prepare statements for these collections, and send them to the shroff after a month or two. These were again submitted to me for examination. After comparing them with the books I signed and returned them to the shroff. On the shroff reporting at any time that there was a large collection with him, I invariably instructed him to pay it as deposit into the Controller's office, and not to keep it with himself ; which he accordingly did, and was told to call upon Manockjee for the requisite statements.

For the last 7 or 8 months I was busy with the draft business ; owing to this, the shroff's illness for two months, and Manockjee's neglect to submit the statements in due time, the collections were not paid into the Controller's office at the proper time. This has just been brought to my notice by the shroff, who has now joined his appointment after recovery. Manockjee now informs the Commissioner that the statements were ready and were placed in the box. If so, why did he not give them to me when ready ?

It is clear from this that he had a design in doing so. But fortunately the collections were deposited in the Controller's office, and the amount in the shroff's hands has also now been paid in ; or else the Municipality would have sustained a great loss, in what way I cannot here express. All this has happened because the statements were not submitted at the proper time. However the Municipality has lost nothing thereby.

Though, being otherwise busy, I have not at times been able to pay my entire attention to this business, I have not allowed the Municipality to be defrauded. However it is difficult to know what object my subordinate had in view in doing this.

(True Translation.)

A. T. CRAWFORD.

I, Manockjee Jamasjee, Parsee by race, clerk in the Wheel Tax Department, have to state as follows :—

I received a verbal, not a written order, from Yeshwantrao on Saturday last, to the effect that all the books should be sent to his house. I did not send them, as I had orders from Nowrojee Furdoonjee that the books should be detained as far as possible until Monday, when he was to see the Commissioner, because there was some fraud in the books, and I had informed Nowrojee of the same on Wednesday last. I acknowledge that I ought to have brought this first to the notice of the Commissioner, and that it was my mistake that I did not do so. After several days I was taken yesterday by Nowrojee Furdoonjee to Sorabjee Shapoorjee Bengallee. When Yeshwantrao spoke to me on Saturday last about these books, I made no allusion to what had passed between myself and Nowrojee Furdoonjee, but put him off his guard by false excuses. Yeshwantrao came to me yesterday, about six o'clock in the morning, and went along with me to the Tent office. He took from me all the books and the papers which were in the drawers of my desk, and lodged them in a box and locked it. But at my suggestion the books were counted before they were deposited in the box. I told Yeshwantrao that I had orders from Nowrojee Furdoonjee to detain the books with me till Monday, when he was to see the Commissioner ; but that if he was inclined to take away the books he was at liberty to do so. Then I called Dajee Subedar, and told him that Yeshwantrao was taking away the books, but that I had deterred him from doing so. He would, however, ask the subedar to inquire of Yeshwantrao, before the books were allowed to be taken away by him, how many of them were in the box. Then Yeshwantrao asked the subedar to let him have a sepoy to go along with the box to the Controller's bungalow. Accordingly he took away the box along with the sepoy. Mostly I write these books. Yeshwantrao used to sign the bills after comparing them with the books. The shroff used to sign the books after receiving the money. I suspected since February last that there was fraud in the books, but I did not bring it to notice. I refrained from doing so as I had no certain knowledge of the fraud then.

After the books were taken away by Yeshwantrao as above stated, I went and informed Nowrojee of it. Nowrojee thereupon called me to Sorabjee Bengallee's place at noon, and told me that he would be there also. After we had assembled, Nowrojee related the circumstances under which the books were taken away, and Sorabjee replied it was all right, they would see the Commissioner to-morrow. I never saw Sorabjee Bengallee on the subject before then, nor was I taken to him by Nowrojee Furdoonjee until yesterday. I have stated above that I entertained only suspicions on the subject in February, but these were confirmed in March. Since my suspicions were confirmed I was thinking of bringing the matter to light but I had not the courage to report it to the Commissioner. I therefore went to Nowrojee Furdoonjee in order that I might go to the Commissioner along with him. After the receipt of the Commissioner's order requiring me to attend at the office I went to Nowrojee and showed him the order. Nowrojee replied that it was all right ; that I might go to the Commissioner as ordered, and that he would be there also. I noticed in the account for March which had appeared in the "Times" for the information of the Justices, that the collection in the Tent amounted to about Rs. 22,600. My suspicions were then aroused, and I questioned myself how that could be, because the realizations for the month of January exceeded Rs. 29,000, and those for February amounted to upwards of Rs. 5,000, whilst the collection was shown to be *nil* in the return for April.

MANOCKJEE JAMASJEE.

Before me, ARTHUR CRAWFORD.

Gives in a list or memorandum of collections at Tent ; marked and recorded.

ARTHUR CRAWFORD.

14th September.

January	1867	Rs.	38,411	12 0
February	,,		5,404	4 0
March	,,		3,277	8 0
April	,,		2,681	4 0
May	,,		1,359	0 0
June	,,		15,108	8 0
July	,,		12,461	0 0
August	,,		7,864	12 0
September	,,		3,177	0 0
October	,,		7,886	0 0
November	,,		5,677	8 0
December	,,		11,247	8 0
		Rs.	1,14,556	0 0
January	1868		29,852	12 0
February	,,		5,794	8 0
March	,,		4,253	12 0
April	,,		1,304	12 0
May	,,		959	8 0
June	,,		9,711	12 0
July	,,		13,092	8 0
August	,,		7,059	8 0

Given by Manockjee this 14th September 1868.

A. T. CRAWFORD,
Municipal Commissioner.

25th September 1868.

MANOCKJEE JAMSETJEE, RE-EXAMINED, STATES.

Q. Why did you not send in since the commencement of this year the monthly assessment statements of the Tent collections ?

A. Because I was not asked for them by the general inspector. I had got them ready. The statements were ready up to May last. On the 23rd June the general inspector took away the original office copy book of the statements, saying he had to compare the past statements with some accounts for the Controller. I then went on with the office copy of the statements at the back of the Riding Hackery Book of this year The statements up to May were ready for submission, and were in an envelope among the books and papers which the general inspector took from me the other day in the box of records. I am quite positive they were in the box.

Before me, A. T. CRAWFORD.
25th September.

Bombay, 14th September, 1868.

DEPOSITION OF DAJEE GUNGAJEE RANE, POLICE INSPECTOR, A DIVISION.

On Saturday, the 12th instant, I went to the Bazaar Gate chowkey, where a Municipal office is held, at about two or three in the afternoon, and found Manockjee, writer in the Tent office, busily turning over a heap of books on his table. I asked him, "What is the matter to-day ; why do you look over so many books ?" Manockjee replied "Yeshwantrao Baba is going to examine the accounts, and I am adjusting them." After this I left the chowkey. On Sunday morning, the 13th instant, at about 7 o'clock, peon Shunker came to my house, and told me I was wanted by Yeshwantrao Baba and Manockjee. Accordingly I went to the chowkey, where the Tent office is held ; when Yeshwantrao Baba said, "I am going to send the books to the Municipal Controller, but Manockjee obstructs me, give me therefore one sepoy." I then asked Manockjee why he objected. He replied "I have orders not to allow the books to be taken away." On asking whose orders, he replied, "Of Nowrojee Furdoonjee, Interpreter Supreme Court. Nowrojee Furdoonjee has instructed me not to wants to carry them away." Yeshwantrao said, "I carry the books in obedience to Mr. Crawford's letter ; but I do not take them to my house. I am sending them to the Controller's." On this Manockjee asked Yeshwantrao, "How many books do you want to take away ?" Yeshwantrao replied, "Twenty-five." I have not seen those books. They were closed in the box before I went there. I was told by both that they were in the box. The box was on a porter's head, who was standing outside. At Yeshwantrao's request I sent Narayen Baloo, peon No. 100A, with the porter to the Controller's house. Municipal Peon Shunkershing also accompanied them. Sometime after Narayen Baloo returned, and reported that the box was delivered at the Controller's house on the Esplanade.

Bombay, 14th September, 1868.

DEPOSITION OF SHUNKERSHING, PATTAWALLA.

I depose that on Sunday, the 13th instant, Yeshwantrow Baba came to the Tent office at 6 A.M., and asked me whether Manockjee was in office, I replied he was not, when Baba Saheb said, "Let us go to his house." Accordingly I accompanied Baba and we brought Manockjee to the Tent office. Baba then said to Manockjee, "The account books must be taken to the Controller." On this Manockjee made over the key of the box, and at Baba's instructions I opened the box and took out the books. Baba then ordered me to get another box. I brought one from the police chowkey, and began to place the books in it, when Manockjee objected saying, "he would not allow them to be taken away." Baba asked him, "Why will you not allow ?" When he, *i. e.*, Manockjee, said "I have instructions from Nowrojee Furdoonjee not to do so." Baba said, "I do not take the books to my house. I am going to send them to the Controller, because I have order from the Commissioner to do so. If you like you may go with them also." Upon this Manockjee told me to call Police Subedar Dajeeba ; which I did. After some discussion between Subedar Dajeeba, Baba Saheb, and Manockjee, I and police peon Narayen Baboo placed the box on the porter's head, and took it over to the Controller's house.

Bombay, 14th September, 1868.

DEPOSITION OF NARAYEN BALOO, POLICE PEON No. 100A.

I depose that on Sunday, the 13th September 1868, at 7 A.M., I, under Subedar Dajee Gungajee Rane's order accompanied a porter carrying a box containing books from the Tent office to the house of Mr. Maidment, the Controller, on the Esplanade. The box was taken there at Yeshwantrao Baba's order. On my return I reported the delivery of the box there to Subedar Dajee Gungajee Rane. I had Shunkershing, a Municipal pattawalla, with me.

(True Translation.)

A. T. CRAWFORD.

My name is Temooljee Rustomjee Shroff. I have been shroff in the Municipality for about 16 years, from about 1851-52. I keep no books, and have never kept any or been required to keep any until about 2½ months or 3 months ago, when the Commissioner transferred me from the wards to the Controller's office. The Controller on this transfer directed me to keep a book showing the number of bills and the amount recovered from the receivers.

I have produced it. This is the only book or paper of any kind I have kept, my memoranda used to be merely in chalk on my box. There is nothing about the Tent collections in this. Only since the Commissioner's order of the 14th I have kept it all in detail. Before that I used to keep a pencil note or a chalk memorandum of the amount for which I signed daily in the clerk's books, and then I paid the amounts in from time to time to the Controller, and got his receipt. I have all those receipts and will produce them. I never kept any of the pencil memoranda ; they were of no use when the money was paid in. I have no books or papers whatever except those I have produced. I wish to correct myself and to say that formerly, in Mr. Fellow's time, when receivers came in every eight days, I used to keep a cash book, but I have not done so since they paid daily.

Before me, A. T. CRAWFORD,
Municipal Commissioner.

18th September 1868.

Municipal Commissioner's Office, 19th September, 1868.

EXAMINATION OF TEMOOLJEE SHROFF, CONTINUED.

In the clerk's book at the tent every day, I sign my name as having received the collection of the day. Thus there is no necessity for me to keep other memoranda. That book is always kept in the office records at the tent.

I go daily in the evening at 5 P.M., and take charge of the money collected at the tent, and then sign the book. I then take the money home, and the next morning deposit it in my treasury or iron safe in the big office. I never let any one else have charge of any of the money. It is in my custody. It remains accumulating in my custody until the tent head clerk sends in an assessment statement according to form, showing for what quarters of the year the money has been recovered. The statement is scrutinized and signed by the general inspector, and on his certifying it he directs me to pay in to the Controller in accordance with it. I do so, and the Controller gives me a receipt for it. I have all the receipts which the Controller has given me, and I now produce them.

It has occasionally happened that the assessment statement has not been ready, when there was already a large sum accumulated in my possession. The general inspector has then told me not to keep so much cash, but to pay in to the Controller (without the statement), to deposit account, to be afterwards adjusted. I have receipts from the Controller for these deposit payments, and I produce them.

For about two months past I was sick and unable to attend office. During this time the head clerk of the Fort Ward, Dajee Bapoojee, acted for me. Since my return lately I have taken charge from him of all moneys in his possession, and am engaged in closing up his accounts. I have to compare them with the books now in the custody of the Controller, and to pay in the balance.

The assessment statement for several months has not been furnished by the head clerk as yet. During and before my illness a considerable sum of money accumulated. I learnt this on visiting the office once or twice before I took charge of the shroff's duties again. I told the general inspector, who told me to pay in some 30,000 rupees to the Controller, to deposit account. I did so, and got his receipt on the 31st August. The general inspector never took or had anything whatever to do with the money. I alone am and have been responsible for it, and have signed my receipt for it. The general inspector never had any access to the money after it was paid to me. Neither has the general inspector ever had any access to or control over, nor has he ever taken any money paid direct to me by the receivers of the old Halalcore Cess. I have taken and have signed for it, and am responsible for it.

I desire to say that I have had crores of Municipal money through my hands, and hold excellent certificates from Messrs. Fellows, Wilson, and Hutchinson. In all my service there has never been one pie of loss.

TAMOOLJEE RUSTOMJEE,
Municipal Commissioner.

Before me this 19th September, 1868.

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,
Municipal Commissioner.

24th September 1868.

EXAMINATION OF TAMOOLJEE SHROFF, CONTINUED.

Q. It appears that for some months past, the balances of Wheel Tax accumulating in your hands has been increasing from month to month. How do you account for this ?

A. It is quite true. The statements never having been sent in, the amount has been accumulating steadily, and from it I have from time to time made payments.

Q. But why did you not thus pay in from time to time all the balance in your possession instead of a part only ?

A. I had no particular reason, except that the assessment statements were not ready. My money was always ready in my treasure (or iron safe).

Q. You used to receive cash, and pay in in notes. How was this ?

A. For convenience sake I used to convert cash into notes.

Before me, 24th September 1868.

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,
Municipal Commissioner.

DAJEE BAPOOJEE'S EXAMINATION.

My name is Dajee Bapoojee Naique, head clerk in the Fort Ward. While the shroff, Tamooljee, was sick of late, for about two months, I did his work. I did it at his request and received the collections. I made over charge to him of whatever was due when he returned. He returned to office some three or four days before the 1st September. There was some 20,000 or 30,000 rupees accumulated when he returned, and I know that on the 31st August he paid about Rs. 30,000 in to the Controller, to deposit account. While I was in charge the general inspector had no access whatever to the money in hand, neither did he ever get or take any of it. The head clerk used to send me the daily collections, with a slip showing the amount of them, and I used to send him a receipt. I never signed his books, because the shroff was responsible, and it was for him to sign the book when he returned to work. I acted in fact on the shroff's responsibility. During this time I sent no assessment statement ever came from the head clerk.

DAJEE BAPOOJEE.

Before me this 19th September 1868.

A. T. CRAWFORD,
Municipal Commissioner.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER &c.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned—

Carbonell's Port	Rs.	30 per Dozen.
,, Sherry	,,	30 ,,
Delbruck Fils Claret, St. Julien	,,	13 ,,
,, ,, St. Estephe	,,	17 ,,
,, ,, Do. in Wood	,,	200 per Barrel.
Brandy	,,	16 per Dozen.

EWART, LATHAM, & Co.

9th September 1868.

JAMAICA RUM,

Just landed a Consignment of
WHITE'S CELEBRATED RED HEART RUM,
in Cases of 1 dozen each.
Cash Rs. 21. Credit Rs. 24.

SOLE AGENTS—

TREACHER & Co. (Limited.)

SHERRY.
J. AND C. WHITE AND CO.'s
PALE DINNER.
A sound light Wine for general use.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per dozen	Rs. 22/8	Rs. 25

SHERRY.
J. AND C. WHITE AND CO.'s
A VINO DE LASTRO.
A vinegar like Wine.

	Cash.	Credit
Per dozen	Rs. 27	Rs. 30

SHERRY.
J. AND C. WHITE AND CO.'s
SUPERIOR PALE SHERRY.
A high-class, full-bodied Wine.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per dozen	Rs. 30	Rs. 33

SHERRY.
J. AND C. WHITE AND CO.'s
FINE MANZANILLA.
A first-class very dry Wine.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per dozen	Rs. 34	Rs. 38

SHERRY.
J. AND C. WHITE AND CO.'s
LIGHT AMONTILLADO.
A soft, pure, delicate Wine.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per dozen	Rs. 38	Rs. 42

SHERRY.
J. AND C. WHITE AND CO.'s
SUPERIOR AMONTILLADO.
The no plus ultra of Sherries.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per dozen	Rs. 44	Rs. 48

TREACHER & Co. (LIMITED).
SOLE AGENTS,

Have received a fresh shipment of the above Wines which they unhesitatingly assert to be UNEQUALLED, both for QUALITY and MODERATION OF PRICE, by any Sherries imported into the Presidency.

Messrs. White and Co. are acknowledged, in the London market, to be at the head of their particular division of the Wine trade, and the Agents confidently anticipate from connoisseurs and the consumers at large the same unanimous confirmation of the superiority of Messrs. W.'s Liquors which has been accorded to them in the sister Presidencies.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—CODE FOR THE UNCOVENANTED CIVIL SERVICE, containing, Leave, Deputation, Travelling, and Pension Rules. Compiled by BHOLANAUTH SEN, Assistant, Bengal Accountant General's Office.—Price Rs. 14.

CHESSON & WOODHALL.

No. 10 Hummum Street Bombay.

KINLOCH & ALLAN, IRON MERCHANTS.—Hardware of all descriptions, Contractors' Tools, Plumbers' Material.

Just landed, ex "Admiral of the Winter," No. 20 W. G. GALVANIZED CORRUGATED IRON, and ex "City of Shanghai" 6 inches and 9 inches CAST IRON SOCKET PIPES.

Prompt despatch to all Orders entrusted to our care.

KINLOCH & ALLAN.

Bombay, 4th June 1868.

SAVORY AND MOORE'S IMPROVED LIEBIG'S FOOD,
AS USED IN THE ROYAL NURSERY
FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN.
Keeps good in all climates.

"The Infant Prince has taken this Food for some months past, and thrives upon it as a Prince should."—*Social Science Review.*

"The saving of time and trouble is of the utmost consequence. This food is a *Real Improvement* on the ordinary kinds."—*The Lancet.*

"This Food is eminently adapted to the food of Infants, being highly nourishing, and, what is of the greatest consequence, of easy digestibility."—Dr. HASSALL's *Analytical Report*

"The best preparation. It resembles mother's milk as closely as possible."—Dr. HERBERT BARKER *on Right Food for Infants.*

IMPORTED OVERLAND.
In Tins, Cash as. 14. Credit Rs. 1 0.
SOLE AGENTS,
TREACHER & Co. (Ld.)

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT.
(Extractum Carnis, Liebig)
Manufactured by
LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT COMPANY.

The ONLY preparation authorised to be called by the above name, by BARON LIEBIG, the inventor : whose Certificate is on every bottle.

CAUTION !

THE SOLE APPOINTED AGENTS FOR INDIA,
TREACHER & COMPANY, LIMITED,

are prepared to contract for the supply of this preparation in any quantities, WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, for the use of Hospitals, Government Troop Ships, &c , &c.

This Extract, agreeable to the most fastidious palates and easily assimilated by the weakest stomach, is beyond question the most valuable dietetic restorative hitherto introduced.

IMPORTED BY EVERY OVERLAND MAIL.

	Cash.	Credit.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
In bottles of 1 or 2 oz. each, per oz.	1 2	1 4
In jars of ½ or 1 lb. each, per lb.	16 0	17 8
In jars of 1 lb. each ,,	15 0	16 8

The public are recommended to the use of this particular preparation, as there are sold many others of inferior quality and there gth, whose effect will but disappoint the Purchaser.

OBSERVE !
THE APPOINTED AGENTS ARE
TREACHER & Co. (Limited.)

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, CHEAP, (just arrived), fine ADELAIDE FLOUR, in Barrels. Apply to NANABHOY AND SORABJEE.

FOR SALE, at the Office of this Paper.—Price Rs. 4.—RULES relating to the WINDING UP of JOINT STOCK COMPANIES, made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, pursuant to Section 189 of the Indian Companies' Act 1866.

FOR SALE.—Just arrived by Overland Mail and per "CORONA"
Salted Beef in Tierces and Barrel.
Do. Pork do. do. do.
Preserved Assorted Meat.
Egyptian Flour in Barrel.
Apply to the undersigned,
DADABHOY RUTTONJEE & Co.
Nesbit Lane, Fort.

BRIDGE'S SARSAPARILLA.

CAUTION !

THE SOLE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AGENTS
FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY
are

TREACHER & Co. (Limited),

who, by a special arrangement, are enabled to offer—to *dealers* the advantage of liberal quotations, to the *retail consumer*, continually fresh supplies of this valuable remedy, at reduced rates.

INDIAN ARMY LISTS FOR OCTOBER.

Bombay Army List, corrected to 1st October	Rs	3	4
Madras Army List, ditto.		5	0
Bengal Army List, ditto		6	0

☞ In Bombay, Rs. 3, 4½, and 5½, respectively.

ENGLISH ARMY AND NAVY LISTS FOR OCT.

October Official Royal Monthly Army List will be received about 4th Nov Orders now Registered	Rs.	1	8
October Hart's Quarterly Navy List. Ditto.	ditto.	8	0
October Quarterly Navy List. Ditto.		2	4

☞ Postages to any part of India included.
In Bombay, Rs 1¼, 7½, and 2, respectively.

CHESSON & WOODHALL.

Bombay, 14th October 1868.

FOR SALE, just landed ex "Monarchy" and "Rinaldo," the following articles of superior quality and quite fresh, viz :—

Cabin Biscuit, in Barrels.		
Navy do.	,,	do.
Oatmeals,	,,	Tins.
Split Peas,	,,	Barrels.
Suet	,,	Casks.
Desiccated Milk	,,	Tins and Bottles.
Hominy, in 1 lb. Tin.		
Malta, do.		
Muscatel Raisins, in Tins.		
Chocolate, in 4 lb. Packs.		

Apply to the undersigned,
DADABHOY RUTTONJEE & Co.,
Rampart Row.

Bombay, 21st October 1868.

TANKARDS AND BEER MUGS,
Open or covered, with glass or solid Bottoms.

IN BEST WHITE METAL ;
from Rs. 2-12 to Rs. 6.

SILVER PLATED
by the
MAGNETO ELECTRIC PROCESS,
With a strong coating of silver upon nickel ;
Plain richly Chased, or Engraved ;
from Rs. 7-8 to Rs. 33.

FORT, Bombay. TREACHER & Co. (Limited).

CHILDREN'S PERAMBULATORS.—A few Single-seated Children's Perambulators left from the last Shipment will be sold at a moderate prices, to close account. As a fresh consignment is expected shortly.

FOR THIS SEASON.—FRESH VEGETABLE and FRUIT SEEDS, &c. &c., just imported by the Overland Mail.

HIRJEEBHOY RUSTOMJEE BAXTER begs respectfully to inform his Patrons and the Public of the arrival of his annual supply of fresh Vegetable, and Fruit Seeds, each packet of the first containing 24 useful varieties and of the Fruit 12 varieties. The whole has been carefully selected by an experienced Agent with reference to their suitability to the Indian climate.

The following can be had loose by weight :—
White and Red Drumhead Cabbage, Crimson Beet, Radish, Turnip, Celery, Parsley, &c. French Beans and Peas may be had alone with the above packet.

H. R. B. also desires to call particular attention to the Powders below-named, which are unrivalled :—

PERSIAN INSECT POWDER.—This Powder, while perfectly enoxious to animal life, is unrivalled in the total destruction of Fleas, Beetles, Moths, and every variety of insect. For Dogs, the Powder well rubbed into their coats will immediately destroy all Fleas—a great desideratum both to Sportsman and to Ladies ; while for domestic purposes it is even more invaluable, especially for use in bed-rooms or store closets, as no Bug could live near the influence of this never failing destroyer ; and to Moths it is equally as ructive. In greenhouses its use is very efficacious in destroying the small Green Fly, so prejudicial to the health of plants : for this purpose some pounded should be sprinkled on some red-hot wood chowed, as very little is required, the smoke arising from most frequent will be fatal to them.

HIRJEEBHOY RUSTOMJEE BAXTER.

No. 26 Meadow Street, Fort Bombay.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION, at the Rooms of BOMANJEE DOSSABHOY, Commission Agent, next to the Book and Tract Society, Esplanade :

Just landed ex "Monarchy."

A first-class High-wheeled Malvern Dog Cart painted dark green, lining to match, with patent leather Wings to side-, and pair of Lamps, by Windower, Long Acre.

A new Pony Travelling self-driving Park Phaeton with hind Seat, by McNaught and Smith.

And also,

A property of a Gentleman leaving Bombay.

A Second-hand single horse Miniature Brougham with Circular Glasses on front.

A nearly new Waggonnette.

Just Landed Ex "Timour."

A first-class new high-wheeled Malvern Dog Cart, painted dark green, lining to match, with wings to sides, enamel Leather Apron, and expressly built to order by Windower.

A new and light single Horse Miniature Brougham, with Circular Glasses on front, painted dark green, lining to match, with Lamps and Shaft, by Ness Junior, Long Acre.

The Property of an Officer.

A first-rate breach-loading double-barrelled Rifle, in a mahogany case with spare leather cover, by Manton & Co.

Also,

3 Small nearly new single Horse Miniature Broughams, with Circular Glasses on front,

Just Unpacked,

A few sets of best different coloured Kersey Horses' Clothings, Pads or Saddle Cloths for single and double harnesses, Whip Sockets on Springs, Clips or Reinholders some of them are with Rubber Springs, Bradley's Plate Powder in tin boxes, Coach and Gig Harness Liquid, spare Round Reins for single harness, Horse Brushes, Sami Leathers, &c.

A few sets of very best Buggy and Dog Cart and Gig Harness, stitched patent leather parts, stitched white ornaments on winkers and saddles, round brown reins covered mountings, wearing parts cut up plated on German Silver.

And also,

A fresh batch of Children's single and double-seated Perambulators, with highly varnished linings, folding heads, aprons with double spreads, painted in different colours, and some of them are with imitation cane-body, and expressly made to order for India. To be had on the Esplanade, or at the Auction Rooms of the undersigned on the Meadow Street, below Jaffer Sulliman.

Just Landed,

A new and neat light single Horse Miniature Landau with Lamps, by Ness Brothers, Long Acre.

Also,

A new English-built Dennett, with Lamps.

A new and light English-built door Shigram, with Lamps and Shaft, by McNaught and Smith

The Property of a Gentleman.

A nearly new English-built four-seated roomy Open Carriage, with Lamps and Poles.

2 Ditto very small self driving Pony Phaeton with Lamps and Shafts.

2 Very handsome new English-built Cab Buggy, on C. springs, by Silk and Sons.

Several other new and second-hand. Different kinds of Carriages to be seen in the other Godown, about 30 yards from the Rooms of the undersigned, on application.

BOMANJEE DOSSABHOY,
Auctioneer and Commission Agent.

Commission Rooms, Esplanade, Bombay,
20th October 1868.

S. MAW & SON,
Manufacturers of
SURGEONS' INSTRUMENTS,
INFANTS' FEEDING BOTTLES, LINT, &c., &c.,
And Dealers in all kinds of
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
AND
APOTHECARIES' WARES,
11 & 12, ALDERSGATE ST., LONDON, E. C.

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BISHOP'S GRANULAR EFFERVESCENT CITRATE OF MAGNESIA.—Introduced and prepared by ALFRED BISHOP, Manufacturing, Chemist, 17 & 18, Speck's Fields, Mile end New Town, London. This perfectly white and delicately clean granulated preparation possesses remarkable effervescent qualities which far surpasses the ordinary Seidlitz Powder in its *cooling, refreshing*, and *mild aperient* properties, as well as in its flavour as a *Saline* draught. It is particularly well adapted for women and young children, on account of its most agreeable flavour and mild effect.

N. B.—The genuine has the name BISHOP upon the bottle, also the Name and Trade Mark upon the Label, and is sold in convenient sizes, and secured in so perfect a manner that it may be shipped with safety to any part of the world.

Manufacturer also of Granulated and Effervescent are Carbonate of Iron, Citrate of Iron, Citrate of Quinine, Citrate of Quinine and Iron, Carbonate of Lithia in Tubes, Citrate of Lithia, Vichy Salt, Seidlitz Mixture, and all other Granulated Preparations.

IN CHANCERY.—CAUTION.—BISHOP'S GRANULAR EFFERVESCENT CITRATE OF MAGNESIA.—Mr. Bishop, having discovered that the Label which he has used for the last seven years was being imitated, recently applied to the COURT OF CHANCERY for an INJUNCTION to restrain such imitation. The Injunction was immediately granted, and the Defendant was ordered to pay all Mr. Bishop's Costs and destroy the Labels complained of.

Also BISHOP'S NEW REMEDY FOR SEA SICKNESS should be in the hands of every person travelling by sea.

TREACHER & Co., Agents, for Western India.

NOTICES.

WENHAM LAKE ICE on Sale at Government Ice House, No. 2, Apollo Street.

FRENCH MEDICINES,
PREPARED
BY GRIMAULT & Co.,
CHEMISTS TO H. I. H. PRINCE NAPOLEON,
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CHILDREN'S DISEASES.

IODIZED SYRUP of HORSE-RADISH, prepared by Grimault & Co., Paris.—This syrup contains iodine combined with the juice of water-cress, horse-radish, and scurvy-grass, in which iodine and sulphur exist naturally, and for this reason it is an excellent substitute for cod liver oil, which is generally supposed to owe its efficacy to the presence of iodine. The iodized syrup of horse-radish invariably produces most satisfactory results administered to children suffering from lymphatism, rachitism, congestion of the glands of the neck, or the various eruptions on the face so frequent during infancy. It is also the best remedy for the first stage of consumption. Being at once tonic and depurative, it excites the appetite, promotes digestion, and restores to the tissues their natural firmness and vigour.

DISEASES OF THE CHEST.

SYRUP of HYPOPHOSPHITE of LIME.—Grimault and Co., Chemists, Paris.—A syrup compounded with this new salt has been introduced by Dr. Churchill for the treatment of pulmonary phthisis. Recent trials made at the Brompton Consumption Hospital, an institution especially devoted to the treatment of diseases of the chest, have abundantly demonstrated the absolute necessity of obtaining this new therapeutic agent in the most perfectly pure and neutral condition. Each tablespoonful of syrup contains four grains of perfectly pure hypophosphite of lime ; and, as compounded by MM. Grimault and Co., of Paris, this syrup is the only preparation which guarantees to the medical prof